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No. 21 595 號伍拾玖百伍仟壹萬式第 日式初月玖年卯丁 HONG KONG, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 27th, 1927. 式拜禮 日第廿月玖年七廿百九仟壹英 PRICE: \$3 PER MONTH.

KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY. TIME-TABLE.

	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Kowloon ... Dep.	6.37	8.00	9.15	10.09	12.02	1.15	2.37	3.00	4.37	5.43
Yauwatt ... Arr.	6.45	8.08	9.23	10.17	12.10	1.23	2.45	3.08	4.45	5.51
Shatin ... Dep.	6.47	8.10	9.25	10.19	12.12	1.25	2.47	3.10	4.47	5.53
Taipei ... Dep.	7.11	8.34	9.49	10.43	12.36	1.49	3.11	3.34	5.11	6.17
Taipei Market Dep.	7.16	8.39	9.54	10.48	12.41	1.54	3.16	3.39	5.16	6.22
Fat Lin ... Dep.	7.27	8.50	10.05	10.59	12.52	2.05	3.27	3.50	5.27	6.33
Shuangshui ... Dep.	7.28	8.51	10.06	11.00	12.53	2.06	3.28	3.51	5.28	6.34
Shuangshui ... Arr.	7.38	9.01	10.16	11.10	13.03	2.16	3.38	4.01	5.38	6.44
Canton ... Arr.	8.43	10.06	11.21	12.15	14.08	2.21	3.43	4.06	5.43	6.49

SEA TAU KOK BRANCH.

	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Fat Lin ... Dep.	7.45	10.15	8.20	8.15
Shuangshui ... Arr.	8.40	11.10	4.15	7.10
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Shuangshui ... Dep.	6.15	8.00	2.00	5.00
Fat Lin ... Arr.	7.10	9.05	3.05	5.55

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The 4 P.M. Steamer from Canton (SUNDAY EXCEPTED)
on arrival in Hong Kong berths at Wing Lok Street Wharf.
All Steamers will, as usual, leave for Canton from the Hong
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HONG KONG TO MACAO: MACAO TO HONG KONG:
SATURDAY, 1st OCTOBER.
9.00 A.M. "SUI AN" 8.00 A.M. "SUI TAI"
3.00 P.M. "SUI TAI" 3.00 P.M. "SUI AN"
SUNDAY, 2nd OCTOBER.
9.00 A.M. "TAISHAN" 4.00 P.M. "SUI AN"
10.00 A.M. "SUI AN" 5.30 P.M. "TAISHAN"
SPECIAL: BREAKFAST ... \$1.50.
TIPFEE ... \$1.00.
DINNER ... \$2.00.

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it has been a really good
game, rotund off the occasion
with a suitable refresher—you
can't do better than "Tennents".
a Beer brewed in Scotland
and worthy of the land of its
origin.

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HONG KONG GOVERNOR'S NEW YACHT.

CONTRACT FOR MOTOR
VESSEL.
GOES TO BRITISH FIRM.

A contract of considerable interest in local shipbuilding circles has recently been drawn up between Messrs. John I. Thornycroft & Co., Ltd., and the Government of Hong Kong whereby the former will build a motor yacht presumably for the use of the Governor of Hong Kong. The yacht, which will show a similarity to that built some time ago by the same firm for the Governor of Singapore, will be hand-somely fitted in the interior, and many of the latest devices for comfort in this type of navigation will be included in the building. The boat will measure, when completed, 70 feet, O.A. and 75 feet L.W.L. It will have a beam of 14 feet 6 inches and a five foot draft. It will be fitted with two Thornycroft C-6 type engines of the 75 horse-power (B.H.P.) which will operate with Thornycroft reduction gear at 350 propeller revolutions a minute, and it will have a speed of 10 knots. Five or six months will be required to complete the vessel.

The contract is linked up with the recent trip of Mr. R. R. Roxburgh, China manager of Messrs. J. I. Thornycroft & Co., Ltd., to Hong Kong, where it is understood also that an agreement was reached to supply the Kowloon Motor Bus Co. with six motor buses for service in Kowloon.—N.C. Daily News.

A NEW LIBERAL LEADER?

SIR H. SAMUEL.

HIGH IN COUNSELS OF THE PARTY.

Sir Herbert Samuel, now holds the important position of chairman of the British Liberal Party, has rapidly risen to a foremost place in British politics. His first experience of office was when the Liberals, after a prolonged period out of power, took over the Government at the end of 1905.

After three years as an under-secretary, he entered the Cabinet in 1909, and the hour of decision in 1914 found him a prominent member of the Government which brought Great Britain into the war. He was Secretary of State for Home Affairs in 1916, when his ministerial career temporarily came to an end with the resignation of Mr. Asquith.

Shortly after the Armistice, he went to Brussels as British special commissioner to assist in advising the Belgian Government on the problems of reconstruction. He had hardly returned, when, early in 1920, he was invited by Lord Allenby to visit Palestine—ostensibly in the role of a financial expert. He had not, up to that time, been closely identified with Jewish affairs, but the Zionist movement appealed to his imagination.

GOES TO JERUSALEM.

At the close of the war he presided over a committee which was set up to advise the Zionist organization on economic and financial problems. In 1920 he attended the San Remo meeting of the Supreme Council of the Allies, at which the Palestine Mandate was formally conferred upon Great Britain, and a few weeks later he returned to Jerusalem as British High Commissioner.

In his five years' term of office, he showed the same qualities of coolness, caution and correctness which have distinguished him throughout his public career. As a Jew, he was in a delicate position in a country in which religious and racial passions had always run high and had now been inflamed by the Balfour Declaration. But little by little the Arab opposition was disarmed by his impartiality, his transparent good faith, and his scrupulous respect for Arab rights and susceptibilities.

Within a few months of his return from Palestine he became chairman of the Royal Commission on the Coal Industry, and threw himself into the work of the commission with characteristic thoroughness and energy. The report, of which he was the principal author, has cleared a path through an almost impenetrable jungle.

Beneath a somewhat cold exterior he conceals a genuine zeal for social betterment and a deep-seated attachment to the best traditions of English Liberalism.

(Continued at foot of next column.)

SCENE IN PROVISIONAL COURT.

JUDGE ZIAR RUSHES OUT.

ANOTHER CONSULAR PROTEST.

Mr. T. Sigveland, Senior Consul's Deputy at the Provisional Court underwent to unpleasant experience last week of having the Chinese judge with whom he sat, leave the Court in a huff, after he had refused Mr. Sigveland his rights and privilege, according to the Rendition Agreement, of having evidence submitted in such a nature that he could understand it. Judge Ziar refused to allow an interpreter to translate from Chinese into English in a civil action in which a Norwegian company sued a Chinese.

The action is of no consequence—it had been settled out of Court—but the judge refused to return to the Court room to hear three other cases in which Mr. Arne Sorenson, barrister-at-law, represented Norwegian firms.

A CHINESE COURT!

When the Court sat, and after Chinese lawyers and the judge had carried on lengthy conversations, Mr. Sigveland said that, as he sat for the Consular Body, he was entitled, according to the Rendition Agreement, to have Court matters translated. To his request, Judge Ziar replied in the negative, saying that this was a Chinese Court and the Chinese language must be used, and that the Senior Consul's Deputy should understand the Chinese language.

Defendant's counsel asked that the case should be struck out of the Court list as it had been settled out of Court. Mr. Sigveland at this stage of the proceedings, pointed out that he was unable to understand what was being spoken of, and that he did not even know which case was being discussed—there were four on the calendar.

The Deputy asked Mr. Sorenson's interpreter to state what had happened thus far. The interpreter arose and was about to speak, when Judge Ziar interrupted him in an angry manner and with violent gestures ordered him to resume his place.

Mr. Sigveland: I must insist on having the subject matter translated for my benefit.

The judge (speaking English to the Deputy): Don't interrupt me, if you do, I shall leave the Court. (Hurried Exit!)

Mr. Sigveland, speaking in no uncertain terms, retorted to Judge Ziar, that he (Sigveland) which have to leave the Bench, if the judge did not, whereupon the judge swept his papers wildly together, folded his file, and after ordering his writer to accompany him, made a hurried exit.

A VILLAGE RIOT IN JAPAN.

There has been a disturbance at Naka-mura in Kumamoto-ken over the removal of the village office. It appears the Governor gave his consent to the removal but it was strongly opposed by the villagers who gathered on the 30th ult., armed with clubs, farming implements, etc., smashed the office building and furniture, before they withdrew from the scene with cheers. The Miumi police were mobilized, and reinforced from the locality, hunted up the rioters on a large scale. By the evening of the following day they had rounded up over 100 men. Several judges and procurators have hurried to the village from the Kumamoto Court.

If he does not fire the imagination of the British public, he has won in full measure its confidence and respect.

DIARY OF EVENTS.

To-day.
Jewish Year, 5688, begins.
Reception by H.K. Chinese Merchants in honour of Governor of Macao at Chinese Merchants' Club China Building, 4 p.m.
Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel and Hotel Savoy, 4.30 p.m.
Kowloon Cricket Club annual general meeting, 8.30 p.m.
H.K. Hockey Club final trial match, King's Park, 5.30 p.m.
Ping Pong League: T. Institute v. St. Louis Club (Y.M.C.A.).
After-dinner dance at Lee Gardens.
Forbes Russell Comedy Company present "The Bitterly on the Wheel," Star Theatre, Kowloon, 9.15 p.m.
Queen's Theatre: "Lord Jim."
World Theatre: "A Noise in Newbury."
Star Theatre: "Hotel Potemkin."
Principal Mails:—Inward: U.S.A., etc., and Europe via Siberia (President Madison); Europe via Negapatam (Lahore); Outward: Europe via Marseilles (Athos II.), 2.30 p.m.; Europe via Siberia (Ameco), 2 p.m. and (Lahore), 6 p.m.

Wednesday.
First day of Rabi-ul-akhir.
Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel and Hotel Savoy, 4.30 p.m. and King Edward Hotel, 5 p.m.
Rugby: H.K. Rugby Club v. Northamptonshire Regt., Happy Valley, 5.15 p.m.
Civil Service Cricket Club annual general meeting, 5.30 p.m.
Ping Pong League: W.Y. College v. C.C.Y.M.S. (St. Peter's Club).
Whitely Smith Orchestra at Repulse Bay Hotel.
Concert by Diocesan School Old Girls' Association at Cathedral Hall, 9 p.m.
Forbes Russell Comedy Company present "Peg O' My Heart," Star Theatre, Kowloon, 9.15 p.m.
Queen's Theatre: "Lord Jim."
World Theatre: "A Noise in Newbury."
Star Theatre: "Hotel Potemkin."

Thursday.
Michaelmas Day.
St. Michael and All Angels' Day.
Legislative Council Meeting, 2.30 p.m.
Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel and Hotel Savoy, 4.30 p.m.
Scottish Company of Volunteers hold route march from Polo Ground, Causeway Bay to Taihook, 5.30 p.m.
Ping Pong League: Club de Recreo v. Hop Ying Club (C.C.Y.M.S.).
Steel and Coulson's Billiard League: Queen's v. R.A.; K.O.S.B. v. Northants; Police v. St. Patrick's Club; Garrison Sergts' Mess v. Revenue.
After dinner dance at Lee Gardens.

Forbes Russell Comedy Company present "Fallen Angels," Star Theatre, Kowloon, 1915 p.m.
Queen's Theatre: "A Dog's Life" (Charles Chaplin).
World Theatre: "Old Clothes" (Jackie Coogan).
Star Theatre: "The Boob."
Principal Mails:—Inward: Europe via Suez (Kashmir). Outward: Europe via Siberia (Kashmir), 5 p.m.

Friday.
Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel and Hotel Savoy, 4.30 p.m. and King Edward Hotel, 5 p.m.
Naval and Military Y.M.C.A.: Concert by "J.Pans," City Hall, 6.30 p.m.
Ping Pong League: W.Y.O.B.U. v. C.C.Y.M.S. (Y.M.C.A.).
Open-Air Concert and Social, St. Andrew's Church Vicarage, Kowloon, 9.30-10.30 p.m.
Queen's Theatre: "A Dog's Life" (Charles Chaplin).
World Theatre: "Old Clothes" (Jackie Coogan).
Star Theatre: "The Boob."
Principal Mails:—Outward: Australia, New Zealand, etc. (St. Albans), 2.30 p.m.

Saturday.
Golf: Captain's Cup, Fanling.
4th Extra Race Meeting: Macao. H.K.W.G. and M.O.L. Fun O' The Fair, "Fete at Lee Gardens."
Interport: Bowls, 3rd Trial Match, Craigengower C.C., 3.30 p.m.
Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel and Hotel Savoy, 4.30 p.m.
Rugby: Club "A" v. Northamptonshire Regt., "A" Happy Valley, 5 p.m.
Ping Pong League: H.K. University v. S.C.A.A. (C.C.Y.M.S.).
Dinner Dances at King Edward Hotel.
Queen's Theatre: "A Dog's Life" (Charles Chaplin).

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ST. MICHAEL AND ALL ANGELS.

CHRISTIAN TEACHING AS TO SPIRITUAL BEINGS.

POSSESSION BY EVIL SPIRITS A REALITY.

CATHEDRAL CHAPLAIN'S INTERESTING SERMON
ON SUPERNATURAL PERSONALITIES.

Preaching at St. John's Cathedral on Sunday, the subject of "The Holy Angels, the Rev. H. Copley Moyle took as his text—Rev. xii. v. 7. Michael and his Angels fought against the dragon, and the dragon fought and his Angels.

Thursday next is the feast of St. Michael and All Angels commonly known as Michaelmas Day. It is the time set apart to think about those spiritual beings who are now superior to the human race. A belief in Angels is common to all the monotheistic religions, Judaism and Mohammedanism as well as Christianity teach that there are such beings as Angels, and so does Zoroastrianism. In this world where the power of materialism is so strong we need all the help we can get to realise the presence and importance of the Spiritual, and I believe that many would find a real help in the belief in an Angelic Ministry. A belief which was strong in the early Christians but seems to be almost extinct to-day.

One of the tendencies of modern religious life is a determination to emphasise only what can be shown to have real value. And on the whole it is a good tendency, but it may be carried too far. It may in fact become a barrier to all adventure, a check on all enterprise. There are many people who are trying to live decent and helpful lives who cannot see that any practical good can come to them from a belief in Angels and so they never think of Angels. They are the people who regard themselves as a body which possesses a mind and may possibly have a spirit, but we as Christians are bound to regard ourselves as spirits with minds and clothed for a short time only with an earthly body. And if we realise our nature to be first and foremost a spiritual one we shall naturally be interested in other spiritual beings, and shall not be willing to ignore the Angels.

The Bible is full of the mention of Angels. We find them continually from Genesis to Revelation, and they are spoken of under many different names, such as "Sons of God," "Sons of the Mighty," "The Holy Ones," "Keepers," "Watchers," "The Host of Jehovah," "Cherubim," "Seraphim," "Theories," "Principalities," "Virtues" and "Powers." In Human Form. When they appear it is generally in human form, so that they may communicate with men, but they are not human, and human beings never become Angels. In the Scriptures we have the names of some of the Angels, Michael is mentioned in both the Old and the New Testament, Gabriel is sent to announce to the Blessed Virgin Mary that she is to be the mother of Christ, and the same Angel is sent to announce to Zacharias the birth of John the Baptist, then we have in the Apocrypha the Angels Raphael, Uriel, and Jeremiel.

Christ's Teaching About Angels. Our Blessed Lord has taught us much about the Angels, speaking of little children, He said "their Angels do always behold the face of my Father which is in Heaven," thereby sanctioning the belief in guardian Angels. In answer to a question of the Sadducees (who were materialists and did not believe in Spirits or existence after death) He said "They who shall be accounted worthy to obtain the resurrection from the dead neither marry nor are given in marriage, for they are equal to the Angels," thereby teaching that Angels have no difference of sex like human beings.

Again Our Blessed Lord taught us that they carry the soul of the righteous at death to a place of rest and peace, and that Angels are very numerous, also that they are limited in knowledge, that they rejoice at the victory of good, and that great multitudes of them will accompany Christ at His final coming. Further, He taught that there are bad Angels as well as good ones. In St. Paul's teaching we are told that the Angels were created by Christ and we are warned against worshipping them. St. Paul also warns us against evil Angels. "For we wrestle not against flesh and blood, but against principalities, against powers, against the rulers of the darkness of this world, against wicked spirits in high places."

Cases Of Possession.

The message of Michaelmas for us is that there are many powers above us, some of them good and some evil. The good Angels help us to rise above the sin which so easily beset us, while the evil ones seek to lure us on to destruction. The power of evil Spirits has been checked by the coming of Christ, checked but not annihilated. I have seen a case which had every appearance of being a case of possession by an evil Spirit. A woman, devout and earnest in her religion and given to good works, suddenly turned against everything connected with religion, refused to pray or go to Church and tried to stop others from doing so, and she would not go out of the house which became a home of misery for all who were in it. Suddenly after some years of this she changed back to her old life and became once more gentle, admirable and devoted to doing good, and she seemed to have had no clear recollection of the time when she was so wicked.

Not long ago a man told me that he had known a case of possession. Such cases are very rare where Christianity has been taught but in non-Christian countries they are not so uncommon. We may well believe that the struggle between good and evil is not confined to the human race but extends amidst other beings. If this be so it should have a double result, it should give us confidence in our personal struggle against evil by assuring us that we are members of a vast host all fighting for the right, and it should make us realise our responsibility as we remember how great is the cause which we suffer from our cowardice or neglect. As a sentry who fails to guard his post may bring disaster to the whole army, so the sin which may seem to us to be no one's concern but our own may bring disaster upon the hosts of God. "Michael and his Angels" are fighting and we must fight on their side.

Futility Of Arrogance.

And let us remember this, if we are fighting God's battle we must use God's weapons. Never by arrogance or haughty temper will victories be won for God. We cannot fight God's battles with the Devil's weapons, though we may often be tempted to. Let us do our best, but let us never forget that if we are really fighting for God we are not responsible for the result, but we are responsible for the weapons we use and for the vigour with which we fight. At the moment when He approached the final crisis of His life Our Blessed Lord went to the great fight trembling in Spirit. "My soul is exceeding sorrowful even unto death," but He went armed by prayer and He went through to final victory.

If we have never shrunk in the face of evil we have not realised the greatness of the struggle, but once we realise how great and terrifying it is we are forced to fall back on a strength which is greater than our own, and so to acquire the great secret of victory. As St. Paul said "when I am weak then am I strong."

Crude Materialism.

A belief in the spirit world helps to lift us above the Crude Materialism which sees no further than the "bounds of the earth" on which we dwell, and speaks to us of other worlds which are things but all under the governing power of God. But though the spirit world may be shaken by the same struggle between good and evil which we see around us, the ultimate result is certain, Michael and his Angels will triumph, evil will be overcome and cast away, and the good will in the end triumph. But to achieve that desired end we must all be fighting on the side of the right and fighting too with the weapons of God. It is so easy to let our ideals be lowered, to think that the end justifies the means, so easy but so fatal. Perchance even now the victory of Michael and his Angels is hindered because we are not winning in the spot entrusted to us. Let us then realise the importance of the Spirit world and seek to cultivate our own Spirit life which will grow and increase while the mortal body wears out and will soon be finally cast off.

And in conclusion let us imitate the Angels in praising God now. Let us come to worship in His home as often as we can, not to get some good for ourselves but to show forth His praise. It is a glorious privilege for us to be allowed to join with the Angelic choirs in their symphony of praise.

THE OLD OLD AMITY.

MACAO GOVERNOR'S SPLENDID RECEPTION.

PORTUGUESE RECOGNITION.

The following account of the reception of H.E. the Governor of Macao Ltd., unavoidably to be held over, yesterday. It is from the pen of an old and deeply respected member of the Portuguese community, and should be of interest to all readers.

Hong Kong's splendid welcome to Senhor Barbosa on Saturday will long be remembered in Hong Kong by both the Portuguese and British communities of the Colony. As an outward and visible expression of the friendly relations between the two countries represented by two Governors like Sir Cecil Clementi and Senhor Tamaguni Barbosa, Saturday's reception was one that cannot easily be forgotten. The brilliant and distinguished gathering on Queen's Pier, with its magnificent setting of the national colours of Great Britain and Portugal and the flags of the allied nations, was yet another proof of the cordiality between the distinguished Portuguese visitor and a royal welcome to Hong Kong. The Admiral, the General, the members of the Executive and Legislative Councils, and every head of Department were present. The Guard of Honour of the King's Own Scottish Borderers attended by the regiment's excellent band was no less a striking feature of the arrangements. The thousands gathered on the waterfront, at the pier in the vicinity, and in the verandas of the houses in Queen's and St. George's Buildings, showed the interest which the reception had aroused in Hong Kong.

The "Patria" in Sight.

The *Patria*, with the Macao Governor's flag at the foremast, steamed slowly into the harbour shortly after 12.30 p.m. As she approached the naval buoy assigned to her in front of the Hong Kong Club, the guns of H.M.S. *Frederick*, Admiral Boyle's flagship, fired the first salute. Upon the Governor's landing at Queen's Pier, the shore battery on Signal Hill fired the usual salute. Sir Cecil Clementi in person received Senhor Barbosa. After the landing, Madame Barbosa, whose intellectual accomplishments are well known both at Macao and Hong Kong, and Mademoiselle Barbosa, attended by Capt. H. B. L. Dowbiggin, drove to Government House and were there received by Lady Clementi, Mrs. Southern, and Madame and Mademoiselle Albuquerque. The formal introduction to the high naval and military officials and to the civilian officials of the Colony assembled at Queen's Pier was made by Sir Cecil Clementi himself, at the conclusion of which the inspection of the Guard of Honour was made by Senhor Barbosa in company with His Excellency the Governor of Hong Kong. Senhor Barbosa's congratulations to the Commanding Officer on the smart and efficient appearance of the Guard were well merited. While these ceremonies were being performed, thousands of spectators in the neighbourhood watched the proceedings with evident interest and enthusiasm, and among this immense concourse were a very large number of Portuguese. Both men and women, who took more than a passing interest in all that was going on. The luncheon at Government House was of a purely informal character.

Duties of Portuguese Citizenship.

At the Club Lusitano the first formal function took place. The proceedings at the Club were of a most patriotic character. The speeches exchanged were cordial and sincere in their expressions. The Governor's homily to the Portuguese residents of Hong Kong might well be taken to heart. He emphasised that loyalty to their own country and their ability to serve with loyalty to the Government of Hong Kong in their capacity of good and law-abiding citizens of this Colony, was not incompatible with their duties of true citizens of the Republic of Portugal, who as such have helped to build the prosperity of Hong Kong. The Governor's praise of the Portuguese Company of the Volunteer Corps in Hong Kong, some units of which provided the Guard of Honour for the Government House, will find echo not only in Portuguese circles but in circles quite outside their own. On all hands at the reception at the Club recognition was unanimous of the cordial welcome by Sir Cecil Clementi and his Government.

Government House Functions.

The official dinner at Government House and the reception which followed marked the close of the day's proceedings. The tribute from the Hong Kong Press, which the *Sunday Herald* was the first among the Hong Kong newspapers to publish after the arrival of Senhor Barbosa in Hong Kong, is no less appreciated by Portuguese residents. The ties of friendly relationship between the British and Portuguese communities now remain more tightly binding than ever.

HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

September 26th, 1927.	
H.K. Bank	\$1,150 buy.
Do. London	\$1,133 buy.
Chartered Bank	\$239 nom.
Mercantile Bank, A. & C.	\$232 nom.
Do.	\$234 nom.
P. & O. Bank	\$232 buy.
East Asia Bank	\$232 nom.
Canton Insurance	\$370 sel.
China Underwriters	\$11 nom.
North China Ins.	\$11.143 nom.
Union Insurance	\$209 nom.
Yangtze Insurance	\$44 buy.
China Fire Insurance	\$310 buy.
Hong Kong Fire Ins.	\$590 buy.
Douglas	\$33 buy.
Steamboats	\$21 sel.
Hong Kong Tugs	\$1.20 buy, 1.35 sel.
Indo-China (Fret.)	\$30 nom.
Do. (Red.)	\$43 buy.
Shell Transport	\$12 nom.
Star Lines	\$34 buy.
Waterboats	\$17 nom.
China Sugars	\$13 sel.
Malacca Sugars	\$30 sel.
Benguet	\$1.70 nom.
Kailan Mining Ad.	\$37 sel.
Langkat (combined)	\$11.17 nom.
Do. (single)	\$11.17 nom.
Shai Explorations	\$1.15 nom.
Shanghai Loans	\$1.54 nom.
Reals	\$4 buy.
Trench Mines	\$19.34 nom.
Ural Caspian	\$5 nom.
H.K. & W. Wharfs	\$11.14 buy.
H.K. & W. Docks	\$15 nom.
New Engineering	\$1.44 buy.
Shanghai Docks	\$1.54 buy.
H.K. & S. Hotels	\$64 nom.
H.K. Lands	\$56 buy.
Hong Kong Realty	\$36 sel.
H.K. Territorials	\$11 sel.
Empire States	\$12 sel, 12.12 sel.
Princes Building	\$97 buy.
Barr Lands	\$11 nom.
Ewo Closures	\$1.75 nom.
Oriental	\$1.11 buy.
Shanghai Cottons (old)	\$1.47 nom.
Do. (new)	\$1.25 sel.
China Buses	\$1.54 nom.
H.K. Tramways	\$2.10 buy.
Peak Tram (old)	\$14 sel.
Do. (new)	\$17 sel.
Singapore Tractors	\$12.5 nom.
Taxis	\$12 nom.
Amusements	\$18 buy.
Canton Ice	\$2 nom.
Cementa (combined)	\$7 sel.
Do. (old)	\$3.60 nom.
Do. (new)	\$1 sel.
China Light (comb.)	\$12 buy.
Do. (old)	\$9 nom.
Do. (new)	\$4 nom.
China Providents	\$12 sel.
Constructions	\$12 sel.
Dairy Farms	\$11.14 nom.
Der A Wings	\$8 nom.
H.K. Electric	\$11.14 buy.
Macao Electric	\$43 nom.
H.K. Bays (old)	\$10 nom.
Do. (new)	\$5 sel.
Lane Crawford	\$22 sel.
Macintosh	\$22 sel.
Sincere	\$24 nom.
United Asbestos	\$12 sel.
Watsons (old)	\$11.14 nom.
Wm. Powells	\$5 sel.
Telephones	\$3.70 sel.
Shanghai Lands	\$1.11 sel.
buy—buyers; sel—sellers; no—no bid; nom—nominal.	

EXCHANGE.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

September 26th, 1927.	
On London	
Telegraphic Transfer	1/11 1/2
Bank Bills, on demand	1/11 1/2
Bank Bills, at 30 days sight	1/11 1/2
Bank Bills, at 4 months sight	1/11 1/2
Credit, at 4 months sight	1/11 1/2
Credit, at 6 months sight	1/11 1/2
Documentary Bills	1/11 1/2
On Paris	
Bank Bills, on demand	1/240
Credit, 4 months sight	1/240
On New York	
Bank Bills, on demand	48
Credit, at 30 days sight	48
On Bombay	
Telegraphic Transfer	131 1/2
Bank Bills, on demand	131 1/2
On Calcutta	
Telegraphic Transfer	131 1/2
Bank Bills, on demand	131 1/2
On Shanghai	
Bank Bills, at sight	7 1/2
Private, 30 days sight	10 1/2
On Yokohama	On demand 10 1/2
On Manila	On demand 8 1/2
On Singapore	On demand 8 1/2
On Batavia	On demand 11 1/2
On Hongkong	On demand 11 1/2
On Saigon	On demand 11 1/2
On Bangkok	On demand 11 1/2
Sovereigns, Bank's Buying rate	\$9.20
Gold Leaf, 100 fine, per tael	25 13/16
Bar Silver, per oz.	25 13/16

EXCHANGE RATES.

(BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE)

Rugby, Sept. 25th.	
Paris	124
New York	4.38 21/32
Brussels	24.04
Geneva	22.94
Amsterdam	12.13 13/16
Milan	68.28
Berlin	20.41
Stockholm	18.09
Copenhagen	18.16
Oslo	18.43
Vienna	24.51
Prague	184
Helsinki	183
Madrid	27.76
Lisbon	9.27 64
Athens	267
Bucharest	782
Rio	8.57 64
Buenos Aires	47 50 64
Bombay	2/6
Shanghai	1/11 1/2
Hong Kong	1/12 1/2
Yokohama	1/12 1/2
Silver (spot and forward)	25 13/16



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Dr. LECLERC'S PILLS FOR THE
TREATMENT OF DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION,
CONSTIPATION, BILIOUSNESS, GOUT, RHEUMATISM,
PAIN IN THE LIVER, STOMACH, AND BOWELS.

RIOTS IN HANKOW.

SKIRMISH IN EX-BRITISH CONCESSION.

JAPANESE USE A MACHINE-
GUN.

A copy to hand of the *North China Daily News* gives further particulars, including the Japanese version, of last week's trouble in Hankow. Following the wounding of a Japanese sailor-warrior of that nation opened fire on a group of Chinese soldiers, and a machine-gun on the Concession barricade was also brought into action.

HANKOW, Sept. 21st.
A fracas occurred last night at 8 o'clock in the ex-British Concession when a gang of Chinese armed with automatic pistols successfully rescued a prisoner in uniform believed to be a Communist leader who had been arrested on a Japanese steamer—who was being escorted by a Chinese guard to the native city.

When the escort was marching along one of the most crowded thoroughfares in Hankow the gang suddenly opened fire at point-blank range. Roughly forty shots were fired with the result that a number of passers-by were killed or wounded. The prisoner escaped in the confusion but some of the gang were taken prisoners.

Communists.
The manner in which the rescue was carried out shows conclusively that there is a well-organized group in Hankow conspiring against the Wuhan Government and that it possesses an excellent intelligence service as only a short time elapsed between the arrest and the rescue.

Martial law was proclaimed last night in the Special Concessions and Chinese city, which were closed to all pedestrian and vehicular traffic while strong barricades were erected at important points. In addition, fully-armed bodies of troops patrolled the streets all night.

This morning fifty Chinese authorities removed fifty Chinese soldiers from a Nishin Kisen Kai-ko steamer, disarmed them and held them under arrest in the Japanese Concession pending the arrival of a squad of Chinese soldiers to take them away.

Some friction occurred on the arrival of the Chinese guard and a Japanese sentry at the barricades of the Japanese Concession was wounded in the neck by a bayonet-thrust delivered by one of the Chinese soldiers and fired his rifle in self-defence. This was followed by one of the machine-gun at the barricade opening fire, with the result that one Chinese was killed and a few wounded.

Later the situation eased down and is now normal.

The Japanese Version.

HANKOW, Sept. 22nd.
On Monday morning a party of Chinese soldiers attempted to go aboard the N.K.K. liner *Siamkang Maru* which runs between Hankow and Changsha, but were checked by the Chinese crew. Subsequent negotiations went on satisfactorily and the Japanese authorities here made arrangements to hand over to the latter the Chinese soldiers who were responsible for the trouble and who were detained by the Japanese naval authorities. While surrender of the soldiers in question was proceeding, a squad of Chinese soldiers, 21 in number, who were sent to take their comrades, attempted to pass forcibly through a Japanese sentry line on the Bund adjacent to the Chinese-controlled Special Area, with the consequence that the Chinese soldiers fired at the Japanese sentries injuring a bluejacket named M. Ishikawa in the chest. Accordingly the Japanese sentries returned fire on the Chinese soldiers and the Japanese ship *Ataka* which was lying at anchor near the Bund, immediately assisted the former with machine-guns thus quieting the Chinese whose casualties are at present unknown. The cruiser *Ataka* landed bluejackets to reinforce the landing forces now in the Japanese Concession while the destroyer *Utsuzaki* which was navigating for Shanghai with 200 of special landing forces from the Kure Naval Station on board on her way home, was ordered to return to Hankow.

Although the cause of the trouble is attributed to the ignorance of the Chinese soldiers, it is clear that the responsibility lies upon the Chinese and moreover it is not the first time that the regular Chinese troops fired upon the Japanese sentry, they fired upon and injured a Japanese sentry before, therefore the Japanese Consul-General is expected to lodge a vigorous protest with the Chinese authorities.

Owing to the incident, Rear-Admiral Araki, the Commander-in-Chief of the First Foreign-Service Squadron, has changed his schedule and will not leave here for the time

CHANGES IN MAN- CHURIA.

DISRUPTIVE ELEMENTS ACTIVE.

JAPAN'S DIFFICULTIES
INCREASING.

CHANG TSO LIN'S POSITION.

TOKYO, September 27th.
Japan has been fortunate during the past twenty years of beneficent rule in the Manchuria area to escape the agitation and confusion of government that has brought disaster to South China, but it is now evident that disruptive elements are active in the Three Eastern Provinces, and that the Tokyo Government has to contend with a disorderly group which may or may not be inspired by the communistic agitators of the South, but most likely are.

It was not to be expected that Japan would escape the effects of the feverish cupidry that seized the military rulers and their henchmen in the South. It is hard for a badly ruled people to resist the glamour of the Soviet promises, and harder still to throw off the Soviet yoke once it has been imposed, for millions are despoiled for the benefit of the few. This cruel fact is now fully realised by the people over large areas of South and Central China, though realisation brings with it an added pang, for classes and masses are powerless. Japan's duty, as far as possible, is to prevent the agencies that have been so successful in introducing the Soviet autocracy into South China from reducing Manchuria to similar straits.

Japan's difficulties are obvious. She controls only a very small area in South Manchuria, and while this rule has an influence over a very much larger area in restraining the disorderly elements, bandits and others, she can only exercise a moral influence over the provincial authorities. If they are well disposed, well and good, but at the moment they are showing themselves to be anything but well disposed, and inclined to flout Japan.

This symptom is observable for months past, and probably a natural consequence of the disorders in the South, has given Japan not a little anxiety. It shows itself in many ways; in the projection of railway schemes inimical to the interests of the South Manchuria Railway, and in conflicts in the consular areas where the Japanese consular police is an institution naturally not welcome by the local Chinese authorities but are considered absolutely necessary for the safety of the consul and the Japanese community.

Chang Tso Lin's Mistake.

Chinese rule in Manchuria is as lax and negative as in other parts of China. But in the past Manchuria, under Chang has had a special reputation, and conditions in the three provinces have seemed to be altogether superior to conditions in other parts of the ill-governed republic. In the last few years, Chang himself has lost power; his treasury is depleted by unending warfare, and the provincial finances are in a bad way. His paper money is exchanged at a heavy discount. Japanese money is the only stable currency, and here we come to the root of the troubles in Manchuria. We need probe little further for the cause of present unrest.

Only a few short years ago, Chang's government was being held up as a model for the rest of China to follow, but Chang himself was persuaded to meddle in affairs that did not concern him, and disregarding the advice of his best counsellors he preferred war to peace, and may live to see his provinces taken from his control.—*Japan Times*.

HIRED TO MURDER.

IF DETECTIVE IS NOT SHOT. SHANGHAI ROGUES SENTENCED.

Before Judge Liang Lone and Deputy Meinhards in the Shanghai Special Provisional Court last Thursday, two men, Woo Dah San and Wong Pak Yoh, were sentenced to four years and two and a half years' imprisonment, respectively, charged with murdering a Chinese detective sergeant, named Wong Kwei Sung, at a house in Haining Road on June 11th at 12.30 a.m.

It is alleged that there were two others concerned in the crime with the present accused, but whose arrest has not as yet been effected by the police. The four men entered the deceased's house from an alleyway in broad daylight, and fired several shots, mortally wounding the man, who died almost instantly.

The two accused admitted the charge, but stated that they were ordered to perpetrate the crime by a gang of organised rogues, who threatened to kill them should they fail to carry out their mission.

It will be remembered that the second accused surrendered to the police some time after the tragedy took place. Because of his confessions and voluntary surrender, he was given a lighter sentence than that of his colleague.

LI HUNG CHANG'S SON.

BACK IN PEKING.

DISTINGUISHED SERVICES TO
CHINA.

Lord Li (Li Ching Mai), son of renowned Marquis Li Hung Chang, expressed himself as being delighted to be back in Peking when interviewed at his hotel on September 14th. His Excellency said that he came to the Capital almost every year for health reasons but on this occasion with the added purpose of showing his son, Mr. Peter Li, the city, says the *N.C. Standard*. Their party includes Lady Li, Mrs. Peter Li, and her infant daughter. Lord Li declined to discuss politics, alluding to the fact that he is now in retirement. However, he appeared to be keenly interested in the politico-military situation and asked many questions, avoiding the expression of his views.

Lord Li held Peking in affectionate regard for it was here that many acts in the diplomatic drama in which Marquis Li Hung Chang and he himself played to prominent a role were unfolded.

Mr. Peter Li is in his early twenties, and modern in appearance. Like his father, he speaks English fluently.

Former Minister.

Lord Li served his country with distinction during the Ching Dynasty. He was expectant Governor of Kiangsu, and transferred to Honan and Chekiang as Governor of these provinces in 1908. There followed appointments as vice-president of Home Affairs in 1911, and acting Vice-Minister of Communications in 1912. He has received many decorations from foreign countries.

BRIGANDS TERRORISE FUKIEN.

PEOPLE AND MISSIONARIES
SUFFER.

VARYING CONDITIONS IN
THE PROVINCE.

FUKIEN, Sept. 19th.
The political situation in Fukien seems to be more stable than for some time. The attitude of the military towards Christian missions and towards foreigners has changed. Opposition towards the registration of schools has passed and the officials seem anxious to have the schools registered. Many of the former obstacles have been removed. In Hinghua and Siangsin there is a hopeful outlook for reopening schools this fall. The old obstructionists have been ousted and the new officials are friendly. In the latter place school property has been returned to the mission. In Futsing conditions are still peaceful, but the military still holds the property of the Methodist Boys School.

In Yenping the local authorities are consistently unfriendly and in spite of repeated orders from Nanking still hold many buildings of the Methodist Mission. A conference was called for women workers but was suspended by the officials. The schools, however, are preparing for registration. Kuitien has been the subject of persistent rumours of capture by bandits, but these rumours have not been substantiated. Sang Jong, nearby, has been attacked and taken by local bandits. It is credibly reported that the Anglican church and parsonage have been burned. The Bingnan country has been roughly used by brigands and is in great disorder.

Mission property at Ingai is intact, but the whole region is stricken with brigandage. The Magistrate from that city was killed recently soon after he left the city on his way to Foochow. The churches around Ingchow are carrying on as usual.

The Catholics—Germans and Swiss—at Kuangteh, on the north-western border of the province, have suffered unspeakable things during the last three months at the hands of the soldiers. Both their property and their persons have been abused. At Shaoou the main trouble-maker has been deposed. The present commander has been a patient at the Mission Dispensary and is friendly.

Soldiers are now moving out of mission property and taking up their abode in the temples and guild halls. The church leaders have held a meeting and have made formal request to the home Board to send back all the missionaries who had formerly been stationed there. This same assembly, entirely Chinese, also voted to open all the schools in the district this fall except the Middle Schools.

Letters from all parts of this mountainous province all tell the same story about brigands—worse than ever before.—*Shanghai Times*.

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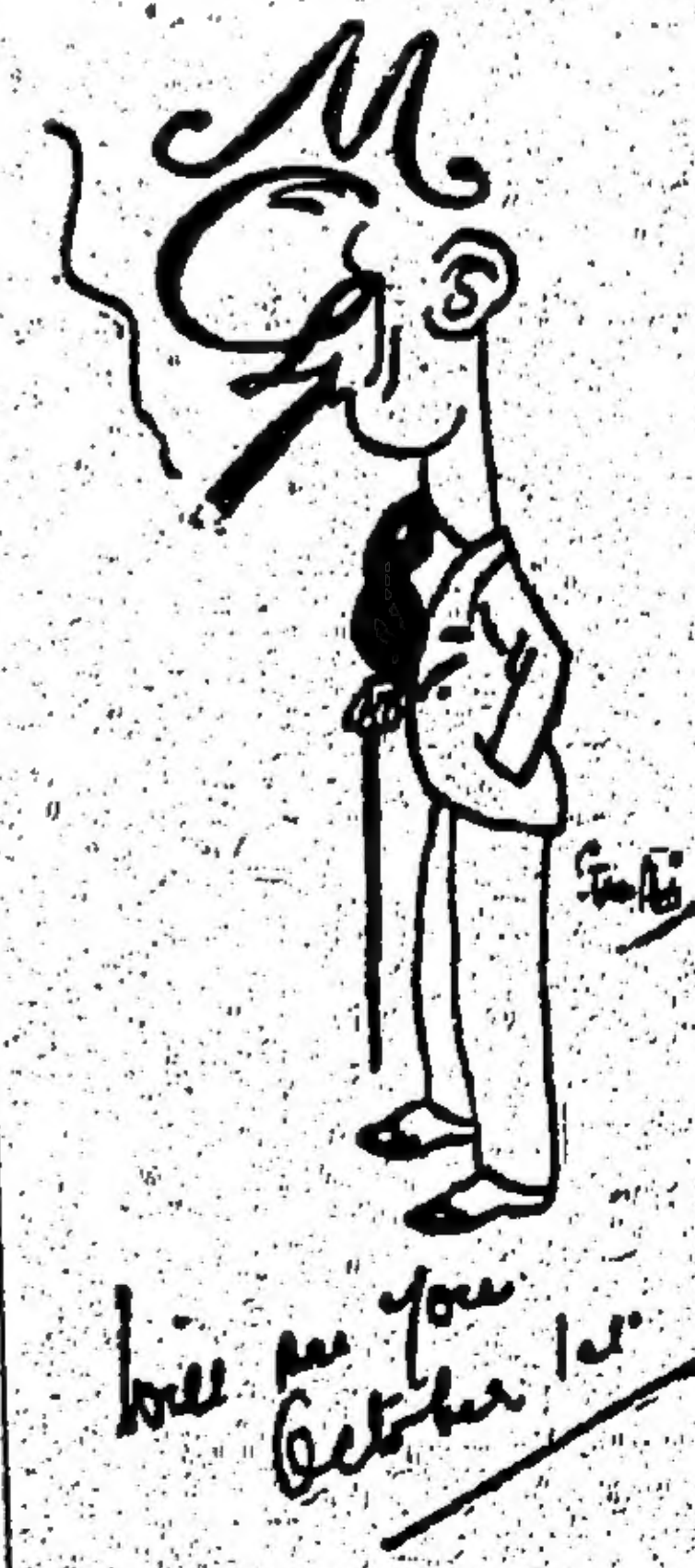
PEG O' MY HEART.

THURSDAY, Sept. 29th at 9.15 P.M.

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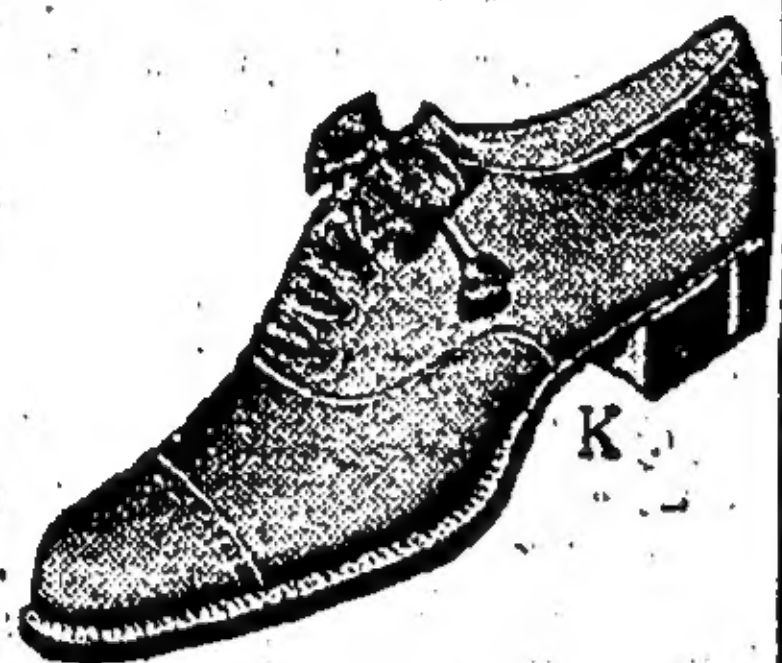
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HONG KONG.

THE CHAI WAN MURDER.

TRIAL OPENS AT SUPREME COURT.

SEQUEL TO BRUTAL ATTACK ON MRS. MACKAY.

CROWN CASE AND CIRCUMSTANTIAL EVIDENCE.

Much interest will be centred on the Supreme Court during the next few days where two Chinese are being tried for the murder of Mrs. Rose Mackay, on August 8th, at Chai Wan Road.

The trial opened at the resumed Criminal Sessions yesterday morning, before the acting Chief Justice (Mr. Justice J. R. Wood) and the following jury: Messrs. W. J. Morris (foreman), B. Stendall, J. O. McLaggan, G. Wragge, D. R. Kinloch, Lee Chung Chu and P. E. Baskett.

Mr. H. Somerset Fitzroy is conducting the case for the Crown, and Mr. H. G. Sheldon, instructed by Messrs. Wilkinson and Grist, has charge of the defence.

Mrs. Mackay, it will be recalled, was attacked on her way home to Tai Koo in company with her young nephew, Walter Eckbert, and fatally stabbed.

The Crown are depending upon circumstantial evidence, but bloodstains on the prisoner's clothing, and the finding on one of the prisoner's of a torn half of a forged note which Mrs. Mackay had had in her possession before the crime, are some of the points upon which stress is laid.

CASE FOR THE CROWN.

In the course of a lengthy opening of the Crown case, Mr. Fitzroy emphasised that although the prosecution relied upon circumstantial evidence, he would point out to the jury the old adage "You may lie, but circumstances, never." This was of the utmost importance to the jury in arriving at their verdict.

Mr. Fitzroy put in maps of the locality and photographs, including some of the path along which Mrs. Mackay met her death.

One photograph was of the second prisoner, showing a cut in his right hand. That was important, Mr. Fitzroy commented, because he would later ask the jurors to say that the hand that held Mrs. Mackay's handbag was bleeding at the time, because of bloodstains which were found inside the bag, and the total lack of such stains on the outside.

The majority of the evidence, which would be adduced, would be of a circumstantial nature, as the nephew, who was with Mrs. Mackay at the time, did not seem to have seen anything that occurred between Mrs. Mackay and her assailants, owing to his having been pushed into a nullah by one of the men.

Outlining the facts of the case, Mr. Fitzroy said that on Saturday, August 8th, Mrs. Mackay, who was living with her husband at Tai Koo Dock, went with her nephew to visit a friend living on Barker Island. There were workmen in the house at the time, and she took a certain amount of money from a drawer and placed it in her bag.

Her nephew was carrying a small rattan basket, which contained bathing costumes and towels.

They took a tram, and later walked down the path leading to Chai Wan, where they visited a certain Mr. Barker. There they stayed until darkness began to set in, when they decided to return home.

ACCOSTED AND ATTACKED.

The path along which they were walking, was intercepted by steps, and just before they arrived at the steps two Chinese passed them, walking in the opposite direction. They apparently exchanged glances and passed on.

The boy would tell them that after they had walked on for a short distance he heard footsteps behind, and on looking round, saw the two men they had passed coming back after them.

A short distance further on, the Chinese overtook them, and the taller of the two pushed in between Mrs. Mackay and her nephew, and the one man seized the boy and flung him to the side of the road into a nullah. For the moment the boy did not know exactly what had happened, but as soon as he had recovered he climbed out on to the path just in time to see two men going away round a bend in the road, and Mrs. Mackay sitting on the other side of the road.

In the meantime Mrs. Mackay had received three wounds, being two stabs in the breast, in the one case the instrument having come into contact with a rib, and the third one, which was fatal, in the stomach.

The length of the wounds was very small. The doctor would say they were caused by a double-edged blunt weapon, which must have been very short.

A bracelet which was attached to her watch was torn away, and the contents of her hand-bag had been taken out.

Mr. Fitzroy emphasised the importance of the discovery of bloodstains inside the hand-bag and the fact that there were none outside. "The hand that robbed the bag," he said, "was bleeding at the time," and went on to say he was going to show that the second prisoner had a bleeding hand.

The boy found Mrs. Mackay seriously injured, and with his assistance managed to walk a short distance, but eventually collapsed, although she was still conscious.

The time then seemed to be about eight o'clock in the evening. The nephew ran for assistance, and met a Mr. Davidson, who tried to telephone for assistance, but owing to the telephone being out of order this could not be obtained. The matter was reported to Shaikwan Police Station at nine o'clock, and it was significant, in view of one of the prisoner's statements, that at that time only the boy, Mr. Davidson, the daughter Miss Kathleen Mackay, and the police knew of the affair.

When assistance arrived on the scene it was found that Mrs. Mackay was dead.

POLICE SEARCH.

The police made a thorough comb-out of the district, and in a side lane, they found three \$10 notes, three \$5 notes, and one \$1 note, all of which, with the exception of two of the \$10 notes, bore bloodstains.

This resulted in a closer search of the path, with the result that they found a coupon for five cents, issued by the Wing On Co., and half of a forged \$1 note.

The corresponding half of that note, was found in the possession of the first prisoner.

Referring to the forged note, Mr. Fitzroy said that in July last year a friend gave two such notes to Mrs. Mackay for a joke. They were known to be in her possession because she had shown them to people. Miss Kathleen Mackay would tell the court that she had seen the notes from time to time. They were cut into two pieces by Mrs. Mackay herself, to prevent their becoming mixed up with good money.

Mrs. Mackay was in the habit of dealing with the Wing On Co., and after her death a bill was found dated August 8th for the purchase of a vest and hair slide.

With that bill was issued a five-cent coupon, and that was the coupon which was picked up after the murder. It was stained with blood and had been taken from the bag when it was rifled.

The prisoners were arrested on the next day in Kam Wah Street, Shaikwan at seven o'clock in the evening.

At the Police Station the second man said that at about seven o'clock on the evening of the murder he found a fellow countryman (the first prisoner) and they went out together. They left the tea house at about eight o'clock, and met another man who told them that a murder had been committed at Chai Wan. They spent the night on a junk, where they had been invited to stay.

Mr. Fitzroy said that with the exception of the police no one knew of the murder at nine o'clock that evening. Even the boy, when he made the report to the Police Station, did not know that Mrs. Mackay was dead, as he had left her on the side of the road, alive.

Evidence would be called to show that the two men were often together and were quite well known. Mr. Fitzroy also referred to a man named Chan Po, who owned a junk which the prisoners had said they were invited to spend the night.

On that day Chan Po was out fishing and did not return until 4.45 in the afternoon. He had two junks, one of whom had gone and could not be found. While Chan Po went ashore to go to market with his catch, one of the junks, who had also gone ashore, returned to the boat and there saw the two prisoners, with whom he went to a tea house.

THE TORN NOTE.

Speaking of the arrest of the men, Mr. Fitzroy remarked that the clothes of both bore certain bloodstains. Inside his vest pocket the first prisoner had three \$1 bills which were folded together, and on their being unfolded half a note was discovered. This was half of a forged note and was stained with blood. At the time the prisoner made a remark about having picked it up at Sai Wan Ho.

(Continued on next column.)

LANE CRAWFORD'S RESTAURANT.

A SPECIAL ORCHESTRA ENGAGED.

APPEARING TO-MORROW.

The extension carried out in the restaurant of Messrs. Lane, Crawford, will prove a very popular one. The additional floor area not only allows for extra tables, but also provides an excellent space for dancing.

The green tone of the decoration is restful and pleasing, and the lounge should prove more popular than ever.

A new feature at Lane, Crawford's will be the special orchestra, under Mr. Jose Paz, which has been engaged from Manila. These musicians have already arrived in the Colony and will first appear at the Restaurant to-morrow (Wednesday) for a tea dance.

From to-morrow onwards, tea-dances will be held daily from 5 to 7 p.m., and during dinner each evening there will be further music.

The Furnishing Department has been removed to the first floor, the lift at the far end of the building opening directly to it. In this case also, the change has proved desirable, and the general arrangement of the Department allows for a most attractive display of both furniture and furnishing fabrics.

The trousers of the second prisoner bore fairly fresh stains of human blood, and in his possession was found a bloodstained ten cent piece.

On the question of blood on Mrs. Mackay's hand-bag, Mr. Fitzroy commented that Inspector Lane would say that on August 7th, the second prisoner had a wound on his hand which was suppurating. His voluntary explanation was that "He had cut himself."

Dr. Cannon, who had examined the wound, would say it was just such as might have been caused by a knife blade in delivering a blow with the knife firmly grasped. The knife could not have been very sharp, and the stab wounds on the corpse could have been caused by an instrument exactly the same. The wound on the prisoner's hand might have been caused by the blade striking something hard, such as a rib, causing the blade to slip through the hand.

The prisoners had agreed that they were together that evening, but in their statements denied the murder, saying that at eight o'clock, when the first prisoner was playing *Tin Aun*, the second prisoner came in and they went out together, after which they went to Chan Po's boat, where they spent the night.

EVIDENCE CALLED.

Expert evidence in connection with the maps and photographs was then called.

Dr. E. P. Minetti, the Government bacteriologist, giving evidence, referred to finding human blood on trousers taken from both accused, and declared that it was fairly fresh. He did not look at the solution until half an hour had elapsed, and was unable to say more than that the bloodstains were not more than five days old. He received the garments on the 8th, and at that time they might possibly have been six hours old, or anything between six hours and five days.

His Lordship: Is his evidence clear to you, Mr. Fitzroy?

Mr. Fitzroy: Yes, the stains are cut out and soaked in a saline solution. A certain amount of blood is drawn out, and then it stops. The time it stops determines, more or less, the age of the bloodstain.

Dr. Minetti: If I had looked at the solution sooner, I might have been able to place the age more accurately. I have been making experiments since.

Mr. Fitzroy: The examination can be reduced to an exact science? Dr. Minetti: I wouldn't say you could tell within hours, but within days certainly.

Dr. Minetti also gave evidence of having found traces of blood on a Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank note found on the pathway, but he was unable to state definitely whether it was human or mammalian blood.

Mr. Sheldon began cross-examination of Dr. Minetti, and dealt especially with the bloodstained trousers. He did not conclude his examination when the Court rose at fifteen minutes.

His Lordship decided to adjourn further hearing of the case until this morning, it being decided that it was important for certain matters raised in the case, that His Lordship, together with the jury, counsel and police officers, etc., should visit the scene of the crime. This was done yesterday afternoon, and the trial will be resumed this morning, at 10.30.

NEW VICTOR RECORDS



TO-DAY

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WAR UPON FENG NOT NECESSARY?

CHRISTIAN GENERAL WILL FALL OF HIS OWN WEIGHT.

CHANG TSO LIN'S OPINION.

Dictator Chang Tso Lin believes that there is no necessity for the Ankuechun to take positive military action against Marshal Feng Yu Hsiang or the Nationalists on the Tientsin-Pukow railway. He takes the stand that the imperative need of the moment is to consolidate the position of the Ankuechun and improve governmental administration. This is the gist of an interview with a confidential adviser of the dictator quoted in the *Shun Tien Sui Pao*. The high Chinese official said Marshal Chang believed that the collapse of Marshal Feng is a mere question of time.

Nanking Crowd Taboo.

With regard to General Tang Seng Chi, the dictator thinks that he can never co-operate with the military crowd at Nanking and that sooner or later he will openly break with them. Concerning Shansi it is the view of the Mukden high command that although General Yen Hsi Shan has failed to respond to Mukden overtures for co-operation against Marshal Feng it is in the interest of the Ankuechun to avoid a break with him.

General Li Ching Fang, one of the Shansi delegates in Peking, declared in a Press interview that General Yen Hsi Shan wishes to be let alone so that he cannot accept the Mukden proposal to take up arms against Marshal Feng Yu Hsiang. He added that it is the policy of the Shansi Governor to promote the success of the National revolution through peaceful means and that if this cannot be realised by the Mukden authorities the only hope is to let time prove the wisdom of this course.

Mistake About Flag.

General Li denied emphatically that Governor Yen proposes to discard the Kuomintang flag as a concession to Mukden wishes. "In the popular mind the Kuomintang standard is associated with the Third International," continued the Shansi envoy. "But this is a serious mistake. As a matter of fact the Nationalist emblem is the same flag for the Chinese navy, which was adopted shortly after the Revolution of 1911. There is nothing red about it, nor is it true that Shansi took to the Kuomintang colour four months ago as a result of compulsion from the Nanking authorities."

BRAZIL'S WHITE INDIANS.

SHANGHAI VISITOR IN EXPLORATION PARTY.

TRAVERSING AMAZON AND ORINOCO.

On a journey which will take him more than 1,000 miles up the mighty Amazon River of South America, Prof. Ernest B. Caldwell, scientist and historian of note now visiting in Shanghai, is preparing to leave this city for America where he will join Dr. and Mrs. Herbert Dickey, of New York, who are awaiting his arrival in the United States. Prof. Caldwell will join the Dickeys in New Orleans and they will set sail from that port.

In an interview with a representative of *The Shanghai Times* at his hotel, Prof. Caldwell stated that the object of the trip is to find the famous White Indians of Brazil. The existence of these remarkable people has been established beyond a doubt, but little of them is known and nothing at all of their history and origin.

(Continued on next column.)

SIR ROBERT HART'S STATUE.

PREPARING FOR ERECTION.

IN FRONT OF THE NEW CUSTOMS HOUSE.

Those who have noted the matched which has been erected over a small section of the Bund directly in front of the new Customs House in Shanghai and midway between this and the new Customs Examination Shed will have surmised that the spot marks the new home of Sir Robert Hart's statue which will be unveiled at the same time the Customs House is inaugurated, says the *North China Daily News*.

About the middle of December is the date given by Customs officials and the architects alike for the opening of the new building. By that time it is expected that the stone paved island which will form the site for Sir Robert Hart's statue will have also been completed. Mounted on this will be a granite pedestal of the same material as the facade of the Customs House. It will measure 13 feet high from its base to the base of the statue, which is eight feet in height. Two large new bronze panels, bearing inscriptions of Sir Robert Hart's services to China and giving his distinctions and honorary orders, will appear front and back on the pedestal. The bronze panels on the old pedestal of the statue where it now stands on the Bund foreshore at the junction of the Bund and Kiukiang Road, will be placed on the sides of the new pedestal. The new panels, which are considerably larger than the former ones are being made in England at the present time, and are expected to arrive in time for the second unveiling ceremony of the statue.

Old Shanghai residents will recollect that the original unveiling ceremony took place on the morning of May 25th, 1914, when a large gathering appeared on the Bund to do honours to the occasion and sailors from the various men-of-war in the river lined up along the enclosure of the statue as a part of the impressive ceremony.

The statue was erected partly by subscription by members of the Customs service, which Sir Robert Hart organized and developed; by the Postal Service, which he created; and by funds provided by the ratepayers of the Settlement. Mr. Henry Peggam, A.R.A., was the sculptor of the statue.

ONE ROBBER LESS.

PEKING, Sept. 14th. Chang Fei Ha, convicted of many armed robberies and murders in Peking, was executed with two of his followers outside Chao Yang Men, yesterday.

The three robbers talked loudly on the way to the execution ground. The ringleaders shouted as he passed the Tung Shih Pai Lou, "Come, my people! Here is Chang Fei Ha. Know him by face. You are all welcome."—*Xinh Wen*.

Prof. Caldwell stated that one of his colleagues, who spent nearly three years in the wilds of Brazil in a search for the white Indians, finally succeeded in finding a small tribe of them. They were exceedingly shy, he said, and decidedly primitive in their method of living. The searching party will traverse the greater length of both the Amazon and the Orinoco rivers in South America. They are first bound for Para and thence will travel 1,000 miles up the Amazon to Manaus. At that point they will employ native carriers and will turn westward to strike the Rio Negro, and thence down the Orinoco to the Caribbean, Trinidad and back to New York.

White Indians have been reported by natives from time to time in the regions near the headwaters of the Orinoco and it is there the search will be centred.

INTRIGUES IN CANTON.

TALK OF A COUP D'ETAT.

GEN. LI TSAI HSIN LEADING SWATOW EXPEDITION.

SIGNIFICANT APPOINTMENTS.

[FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.]

Representatives of Mr. Wang Ching Wei are now said to be working in Canton to replace General Li Tsai Hsin by General Chang Fat Fui, and in some quarters a coup d'etat is expected at any moment. So far, however, there is no open breach between Chang and Li and the latter is still nominally the senior officer of the two, but it is fairly certain that nothing further will be heard for some time at least of Li's supposed intention of freeing Canton from both Hankow and Nanking.

General Chang Fat Fui, according to the latest information, has at last shown himself in Canton. Tang Yin Wah, chief of the Public Safety Department, has resigned and will be replaced either by General Chu Fei Yat or Tang Sai Cheng, who are two of Chang Fat Fui's Divisional Commanders.

General Li's Position.

As to General Li Tsai Hsin, the latest news is that he has left Canton, with a number of his followers, including Tang Yin Wah, for the Chao Mui district of East Kwangtung in order personally to conduct operations against the Reds who have now seized Swatow. Mr. Wang Ching Wei's party, behind whom the real power is, Tang Seng Chi, the Hankow Commander-in-Chief, is certainly putting "down with the Reds" in the forefront of their programme, so on the surface all seems amicable. However in Canton Chang Fat Fui's two chief subordinates have been proclaiming opposition to anyone trying to make himself "sole representative" of the Kuomintang party. As General Li is Commander-in-Chief, Chairman of the Provincial Council and Chairman of the Kuomintang Special Committee, it is not hard to see who is meant. Canton seems fast going over to Chang Fat Fui whose slogans are, "Down with the Reds," "Down with Yeh Ting and Ho Lung their leaders," "The 2nd Route Army (Chang's troops) is the True Revolutionary Army." They are going to put down false disciples of the Kuomintang and create a new Kwangtung!

The extra forces sent from Canton to attack Swatow consist of four gunboats and three large detachments of troops who are to make for the seaport by different routes.

Labour Extremists Active.

With the return of the Hankow, the disorderly elements in the unions and the Kuomintang are picking up courage. The anti-Red General Labour Union may be pushed into the background and the extremist Workers' Delegate Conference and Seamen's Union will come to the front, and talk about new organisations, etc.

As already mentioned Mr. Tang Yin Wah, Chief of Police of Canton, has resigned. Ordinarily this would have little significance, but it may now point to the beginning of the end of Chiang Kai Shek's following in Canton. Next to resign will probably be General Feng Cho Wan, acting Commissioner of Finance and concurrently Commissioner of Agriculture and Labour.

Among those to depart from Canton within the next few days will be Mr. T. T. Lee, managing-director of the Kwangtung Section of the Canton-Hankow Railroad, and an associate of Mr. Sun Fo.

To prevent the success of the militarists in the Province of Kweichow who are now extending their influence to the Province of Yunnan, agents of General Lung Yun, who is styled the General Officer Commanding the 28th Corps of the Kuomintang Revolutionary Army in Yunnan, are at present visiting Canton and Wuchow trying to promote among the Southern militarists an alliance of Kwangtung, Kwangsi, and Yunnan. General Li Tsai Hsin, according to these agents, is in favour of the alliance, but present developments in Canton may prevent such an alliance being effected.

CITY AND DISTRICT NEWS.

Bandits and pirates, along the West River are interfering with Chinese owned as well as British protected steamers plying between Hong Kong and Wuchow, and touching at inland ports on the way. Vessels flying the British flag have been avoiding the ports in the Shuihing Circuit on the West River for some time. Chinese owned vessels from Hong Kong are now complaining of dull trade, as business has been rendered almost impossible by the activities of brigands wearing badges of boycott pickets. More than ten Chinese owned vessels are being affected by the actions of the petty officials and so-called boycott pickets along the West River and particularly at Shuihing.

Owing to their inability to contribute their allotted share of the \$10,000,000 loan exacted of the Chinese merchants in Canton by the Kuomintang militarists, more than 35 large firms engaged in oil, beans, and other provisions have had to go into bankruptcy, and hundreds of other smaller firms doing business with them are involved. Since September 23rd, fines have been levied on firms failing to contribute as ordered to the loan. The latest figures indicate that a sum of \$5,749,458.36 has already been exacted.

Before the Canton Police Authorities discharged Mr. Tam Tai Chi, of the Canton Merchants' Association, who was made to contribute some \$180,000 towards the \$10,000,000 loan, they told him that he must advise others to pay up and be responsible for getting all merchants to do so. Mr. Tam said that he would not leave the prison on that condition. Therefore although Mr. Tam is now free to go, as he has been officially released, he is still in prison, and the officials in the Police Headquarters are trying to solve the problem of how to end the case without losing "face."

The possibility of General Chiang Kai Shek returning to military power in China appears to have influenced the Canton Authorities to reconsider their recent decision to abolish the Whampoa Military Academy. The Academy's organization, however, will be narrowed down to about 4,300 officers and cadets with an allowance of \$400,000 a month.

MOVEMENT OF TROOPS.

BATTALIONS FOR HONG KONG.

It has already been reported that the local garrison is being permanently increased by two extra infantry battalions, but it now appears that there will remain in Hong Kong, for the present at any rate, the Scots Guards, the Queen's Royal Regiment, the Northamptonshire Regiment, the King's Own Scottish Borderers and the 5/2nd Punjab Regiment. The two latter battalions, of course, are the original garrison before the arrival some months ago of the additional troops.

In place of the City of Marcellus two new ships are coming out to take reservists home. These transports will be the *Somerstshire* and the *Dorsetshire*, which are especially fitted for troop transportation.

The first mentioned ship is due here in November, and she will proceed to Shanghai and take on board reservists, and also some from this port.

The remainder of the reservists will leave on the *Dorsetshire* in December, and serving troops will be set out to relieve them.

MOTOR OBSTRUCTION.

TWO EUROPEANS FINED.

When "traffic court" was held yesterday at the Kowloon Magistrate's Court, only two cases concerning European residents were on the calendar.

Messrs. W. S. Hillier, of No. 553, Nathan Road, and T. H. Pile, of No. 1521, Nathan Road, were both summoned for causing obstruction in the roadway. Both defendants pleaded guilty and each was fined \$4.

WONGNEICHONG VILLAGE BLAZE.

BRIGADE'S SMART WORK.

INHABITANTS LOOK ON HELPLESSLY.

Shortly after nine o'clock yesterday morning, the sky in the vicinity of Wongneichong village was one huge glow, and in less than a minute "fire, fire," was being shouted down the Valley. Frantic farmers were rushing hither and thither quite aimlessly, and as usual an interested crowd of Chinese gathered around the blaze in a very short time, looking on, but doing nothing to check the spread of the fire.

It was due to a timely message to the Brigade by a European that the whole of the matchsheds in the village were not burnt down thus rendering a large number of Chinese homeless. When the call was made, one shed was involved, but as nothing can burn quicker than a matchsheds three other structures were also ignited.

The firemen upon arrival set to work with amazing energy but no less than 2,100 feet of hose had to be brought into play, as the scene of the conflagration was almost inaccessible. The appliances had to stay about half a mile away, and was placed on elevated supports. In fact, the fire-fighters had a very difficult task and they are to be congratulated on confining the flames to two big matchsheds and a pigsty. One had to be cut down, so as to isolate the others.

The fire broke out in a group of matchsheds isolated; more or less from the main village. But the blaze was so fierce that other buildings although separated by some distance were in danger, and a tree actually caught fire. It took the firemen an hour's hard work before the flames were under control.

One Woman Shows Initiative.

One Chinese woman, who made an attempt to save some of her belongings, had her face, hands and neck somewhat badly burnt. She was removed to hospital.

The homeless include a baby girl not more than a month old. Child and mother have been taken in by neighbours and the others whose houses and belongings have been destroyed will probably be similarly helped. Whilst the firemen were combatting the blaze, they stood in a group, helpless and listless. The woman who was burned, made an attempt to save her belongings, not that much could have been done, as the buildings and their stone foundations were rapidly eaten by the flame, and the heat was intense. Inquiries later yesterday showed that the injured woman is progressing satisfactorily though suffering from acute shock in addition to her burns.

A STOWAWAY FROM SHANGHAI.

"TOOK THE WRONG SHIP."

A young Russian, named I. Ahtirtseff, was charged yesterday morning before Mr. W. Schofield at the Kowloon Magistracy with being a stowaway from Shanghai.

Evidence showed that the defendant had come to Hong Kong from Shanghai by the a.s. *Saarbrücken*. He was discovered in the stern of the vessel and had neither a ticket nor money to pay the fare.

Defendant had pleaded guilty and his Worship imposed a fine of \$25 or three weeks' hard labour.

Inspector Aris told the Court that the Police were not pressing the case, as the Russian interpreter of the Court had undertaken to refund the passage money to the Steamship Company and would look after the defendant until a steamer could be found to take him to Vladivostok. It was apparent from the statement made by the accused at the Police Station, that he did not want to come to Hong Kong. He thought the ship was bound for Vladivostok and, therefore, he stowed himself away on that steamer.

His Worship then withdrew the fine but entered a conviction against the defendant.

A PICKPOCKET'S CONFESSION.

ALLEGED SHARING OF PROCEEDS WITH LUKONG.

HOW HIS GANG WORKED.

A confession was made by a youthful pickpocket yesterday afternoon, in his evidence against a Chinese constable, who is charged with misconducting himself as a policeman by consorting with thieves and bad characters between December, 1926, and September 13th of this year. The constable is also charged with receiving from a certain Tsun Fan part of the proceeds derived from robberies.

The case was heard yesterday afternoon before Mr. R. E. Lindsell at the Central Magistracy. The chief witness for the prosecution was Tsun Fan, the self-confessed pickpocket. Mr. C. A. S. Russ appeared for the defence and the prosecution was conducted by Mr. Wm. le Bart Sparrow, A.S.P.

Tsun Fan who said he was an orphan, openly confessed in the witness-box to a life of crime. He stated that he did no work and had been arrested three times this year. "I used to pick the pockets of others, but since I received twelve strokes with the birch, I gave up this practice. I first knew the defendant some six months ago when he arrested me for picking the pocket of a man. He asked me for money and threatened to strike me when I refused to pay him."

After much wrangling, I told him to wait for me at the Shamshui Ferry Wharf, while I went across the harbour to get the money for him. In about an hour's time I returned and handed him \$5. We came to an understanding after that. I was to pay him \$3 a week, in exchange for his permission to allow me to carry on my trade. In the early part of this month, I was caught by another constable and the result was that I had twelve strokes of the birch. After this I gave up my practice and refused to give my weekly quota to the defendant. I had paid the man altogether \$24."

Mr. Lindsell: You little liar. \$3 a week over that time comes to about \$80. You want the whip again. Where did you get all this money from? By picking pockets along the Praya. The money came from about 8 or 10 persons. (Laughter.)

Orders To Pick Pockets!

Continuing, the young disciple of Fagin said "Two days after I had the twelve strokes, I met the defendant on the Praya. He asked me for money, but I refused to give him any. He threatened to strike me and ordered me to pick the pocket of a passer-by and to give him the contents of the purse. This I did, and handed the purse to the defendant, without seeing what was inside."

"There are seven persons in my gang. The others are all grown-ups. I generally have a pal with me when I go out picking pockets and if I am too short to reach a pocket, the other would come along. And I also need a man to carry the 'goods' away."

Answering questions put to him by Mr. Russ, the young scamp admitted that six of his gang had been arrested. Their working arrangement was that all proceeds from the stolen purses should be divided into equal shares. He has, he said, a girl with whom he is living, but she does not know his "calling."

After corroborative evidence had been given by other members of the last witness's gang, the case was adjourned until Thursday morning.

BLUEBEARD'S EIGHTH WIFE.

FORBES RUSSELL OPEN SEASON AT KOWLOON.

The Forbes Russell Comedy Company opened their short season at the Star Theatre last night when they presented "Bluebeard's Eighth Wife" to a fair house. The success scored with this play over in Hong Kong was repeated and April 17th as Moss scored another success.

To-night this talented Company will stage "The Butterfly on the Wheel." This play has a really fine trial scene, which unlike most stage trials is legally correct, having been written by a well known barrister and playwright, Mr. E. G. Hemmerde, K.C.

HE WHO LAUGHS LAST.

A RECORD CROWD AT COURT.

INTERESTED HAWKERS IN LUKONG EXTORTION CASE.

Believing in the old adage that "he who laughs last laughs best," a crowd, which was said to be a record one for any local Police Court case, turned up the Central Magistracy hours ahead of time, to watch the proceedings against the six Lukongs who are alleged to have demanded and taken bribes from hawkers.

The Court was filled with hawkers, and several hundreds lined the yard outside. Several clambered on to the low wall to catch a glimpse of the men in the dock.

As might be expected they let their jaws go and the Court room was filled with their voices. The first thing Mr. R. E. Lindsell (Magistracy) did on entering the Court was to order the men to keep quiet. They did, but only for a short while, for when the six defendants came out from the underground cell, conversation again broke loose. The Magistrate again rebuked them saying that he would not allow his Court to be used as a theatre and that if they could not keep quiet, he would order them out.

The six defendants were arraigned in the following order—Li Lum, Po Sing, Wu Ching Nam, Tso Nam, Tsang Kam, Kong Hung. Mr. A. E. Hall represented the first, second and sixth defendants and Mr. E. Davidson defended the fifth man. The third and fourth defendants were not represented.

Mr. L. H. V. Booth, Assistant Superintendent of Police, prosecuted. He asked for a remand saying that the details of the case could not be ready before the end of the week.

Mr. Lindsell: I will remand the men until Friday afternoon at 2.15 p.m.

\$2,000 Bail.

Mr. Davidson: What about bail, your Worship?

Mr. Lindsell: They are not entitled to bail. They are charged with bribery and are not entitled to bail by right.

Mr. Davidson: That is no reason why your Worship should not grant bail.

Mr. Lindsell enquired of Mr. Booth what his views were regarding bail and was told it ought to be something substantial. He indicated the sum of \$2,000 each.

Mr. Davidson: The maximum fine is \$1,000, your Worship.

Mr. Lindsell: The penalty for bribery is seven years.

Mr. Booth: I oppose bail, but I have no objection to \$2,000 for each of the men.

The Magistrate accordingly fixed bail at \$2,000 each.

In The Other Court.

Major C. Wilson's Court also did not escape attention when immediately afterwards another Chinese constable named Tang Wai Chau was charged in the small Court with misconduct as a policeman on September 23rd by intimidating and assaulting a man named Man Cheung to prevent him from giving evidence.

Word immediately went round among the hawkers, and there was a rush for accommodation in the Court, but with only one door half open, the Court police was able to cope with the crowd and prevent the jam which occurred in the big Court.

This case, which is under trial to be connected with the bribery one, was over in a couple of minutes.

\$1,000 Bail.

Mr. D. McCallum appeared for the accused and entered a plea of "not guilty."

Acting Detective Sub-Inspector Carey immediately applied for a week's formal remand, which was granted.

Upon Mr. McCallum raising the question of bail, the police officer said that while he did not have instruction in the matter, he did not think bail would be objected to if it were fixed at a high figure, which he suggested should be \$2,000.

The Magistrate decided to grant bail in the sum of \$1,000.

Wm. POWELL, Ltd.

THE

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

HOW TO GET TO THE
FUN OF THE FAIR.

By Courtesy of the Hong Kong & Shanghai Hotels Arrangements have been made whereby there will be a SPECIAL CONTINUOUS MOTOR BUS SERVICE TO LEE GARDENS on SATURDAY, OCTOBER 1st, commencing at 9.00 a.m. From CHATER ROAD (C.P.R. Central).

FARE: 20 CENTS.

Also ALL TRAMS Pass the Entrance to LEE GARDENS.

FARE: 10 CENTS.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

WE beg to inform our Customers that we have REMOVED from No. 18, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL to No. 15, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL just opposite our Old Premises.

H. RUTTONJEE & SON.
Hong Kong, 22nd Sept., 1927. [5344]

NOTICE.

NELSON DAY.

THROUGH the Courtesy of the HONG KONG AMUSEMENTS, LTD., the NUTTY LEAGUE will hold their ANNUAL CONCERT at 9.30 p.m. on FRIDAY, 31st OCTOBER in the QUEEN'S THEATRE.

Further Particulars will be published Later.

L. M. WHYTE,
Hon. Secretary,
NUTTY LEAGUE (Hong Kong Branch),
5341

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONG KONG.

ORIGINAL JURISDICTION
MISCELLANEOUS PROCEEDINGS
No. 28 of 1927.

IN THE MATTER OF THE CHINA
PROVIDENT LOAN AND
MORTGAGE COMPANY,
LIMITED, AND REDUCED
AND

IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE 1917.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Petition presented to the Supreme Court of Hong Kong on the 13th day of September, 1927, for confirming the Reduction of the Capital of the above-mentioned Company from \$8,000,000 to \$3,000,000 is directed to be heard before His Honour Mr. Justice ROBERTSON, sitting as a Judge of the Supreme Court, on MONDAY, the 27th day of OCTOBER, 1927, at 10.30 a.m. Any Creditor or Shareholder of the Company desiring to oppose the making of an Order for the Reduction of the Capital of the said Company under the above Ordinance should appear at the time of Hearing by himself or his Counsel for that purpose.

A Copy of the Petition will be furnished to any Creditor or Shareholder of the Company requiring the same by the Underigned on payment of the Regulated Charges for the same. Dated this 17th day of September, 1927.

DEACONS.

Solicitors for the Company,
1, Des Voeux Road Central,
Hong Kong.

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE.

PUBLIC AUCTION

THE VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY

Situate at VICTORIA, Hong Kong, and registered in the Land Office as SECTION L or MARINE LOT No. 225, Together with the Messuage Erection and Buildings thereon known as No. 128, WING LOK STREET, VICTORIA, aforesaid.

Area: 1,678 Square Feet. Proportion of Annual Crown Rent: \$30.34.

TO BE SOLD IN ONE LOT

PUBLIC AUCTION

ON
TUESDAY,
THE 4th DAY OF OCTOBER, 1927.
At 9 o'clock a.m.

AT THE
CHINA AUCTION ROOMS,
No. 4, DUNDAS STREET, VICTORIA,
HONG KONG

BY
MR. E. V. M. R. DE SOUSA, Auctioneer.

For further Particulars and Conditions of Sale, Apply to—

Messrs. JOHNSON, STOKES & MASTER,
Princes' Building, Hong Kong,
or to

MR. E. V. M. R. DE SOUSA,
The Auctioneer,
Hong Kong, 24th Sept., 1927. [5353]

INTIMATIONS.

FOR SALE OR TO BE LET UNFURNISHED.

No. 27, PEAK, LUGARD ROAD.

EIGHT ROOMED HOUSE, with Central Heating, Five Bedrooms, Four Bathrooms, Three Drying Rooms, Modern Sanitation, Grass Tennis Court and Garden—Apply: LINSTED & DAVIS, ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS. [4776]

TO LET.

A FLAT in CARMARKY BUILDING, Kowloon, from OCTOBER 1st. Apply to—
RUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE CO., LTD.,
Alexandra Buildings.
[5301]

TO LET—SPACIOUS OFFICES in No. 11, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, Centrally Situated, Very Moderate Rentals.

Apply to
DAVID SASSOON & CO., LTD.
[5324]

ROOMS—Hong Kong, Kowloon single, double, Flats furnished or unfurnished. Flat for disposal with furniture. House \$20/30,000 wanted. Also \$30,000 Sq. ft. land on Peak. SMALL INVESTORS. Tel. C. 4630.

WANTED.—By English Lady PASSAGE TO ENGLAND as soon as possible in Exchange for Services looking after Children or as Companion.—Apply Box 5342, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [5342]

TO LET

OFFICES

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67/69, DES VOEUX ROAD CENTRAL.

APPLY S. J. DAVID & CO.

PRINCE'S BUILDING,

CHATER ROAD.

The Daily Press.

HONG KONG, SEPTEMBER 27th, 1927.

THE FATE OF CANTON.

WHEN Mr. EUGENE CHEN left Hankow for Moscow he expressed the opinion that the Kuomintang, as a great national party, had ceased to exist. Recent events have proved him correct. The Kuomintang has wonderful recuperative powers and it may blossom forth again as a force to be reckoned with in Chinese politics, but at the moment it has certainly ceased to exercise any considerable influence in the government of the country. Since the split between Hankow and Nanking there has been constant disintegration until now it is absolutely impossible to say where the chief power lies. The "nationalist party" has divided into fragments and each fragment comprises a general and an army of a few thousand men concerned solely with finding a sphere of influence for himself and his followers. This means, in effect, the return of the Tschun system. That might cause no alarm for it is possibly the system best suited to China's needs. At any rate the dream of a great unified China controlled by a Central Government is one that will not be realized for years to come. But the great trouble, and the feature of the situation which gives rise to anxiety is that there are far more generals and small armies wandering over the countryside than there are

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PHONE C. 616.

"sphere of influence" for their accommodation. While they remain there is very little prospect of any long period of peace.

A few days ago we were informed by an official of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs in Canton that General LI TSAT HAIN was anxious for the unification of the Kuomintang Party and was working towards that end. Our Chinese correspondent answered that as far as the people of South China were concerned all that they desired was peace. That we venture to assert is the attitude of the Chinese people generally. They must by this time have grown utterly weary of political phrases and programmes and would doubtless be more than willing to pay reasonable taxation to anyone sufficiently strong to maintain law and order in their districts. We had hopes that General LI TSAT HAIN, by keeping aloof from political intrigues, might be in a position to guarantee peace for Kwangtung and Kwangsi. But developments in Canton and Swatow during the week-end rather dash these hopes to the ground. There is a belief that General CHANG FAR FU, the youthful leader of the "Ironside" and formerly a subordinate of General LI TSAT HAIN, is destined to become the controller of these two provinces. The power may pass, of course, from one to the other without fighting but even so these constant changes in administration do not foster that feeling of security which is so essential to commercial prosperity. The ideal arrangement would probably be for General LI TSAT HAIN, who is a Kwangsi man, and CHANG FAR FU, who is a Cantonese with a fairly strong personal following in the Southern Capital, to come to some amicable understanding by which they would

divide the burden of Government between them and keep the provinces safe from further intruders. LI TSAT HAIN is nominally a supporter of General CHANG FAR FU while CHANG FAR FU has hitherto thrown in his lot with Hankow. But these affiliations mean nothing in the present state of politics in China and it would be well if they could be forgotten.

As far as Hong Kong is concerned anyone will be welcome in Canton who can keep the peace in South China. It is impossible for either General LI TSAT HAIN or General CHANG FAR FU to accomplish this alone it is sincerely to be hoped that they will join hands. The danger is that one may declare allegiance to Nanking and the other to Canton and so bring Canton into the arena again as a prize for which ever side gains some temporary ascendancy.

It has been decided to hold this year's St. Andrew's Ball on St. Andrew's Day, Wednesday, November 30th.

A thief entered No. 16, Arbuthnot Road, on Sunday night and made a haul of jewellery and money worth \$61.

A notice to motor drivers states that motor vehicles may not turn or stop in Connaught Road opposite the Star Ferry Pier.

Money, jewellery and clothing worth \$37 was reported stolen from Room No. 428 at the Tai Lo Tin Boarding House, Des Voeux Road Central, on Sunday.

The tenant of the second floor of No. 21, Reclamation Street, Yau-mat, has reported to the police the theft from his premises of money and clothing worth \$79.

Passengers arriving here yesterday by the a.s. *President Cleveland* included Mr. G. A. Atkins, Mr. A. Brostedt, Mrs. I. E. Moller, Mr. L. Moller and Mr. W. F. Shumway.

A Chinese married woman living in Reclamation Street, Yau-mat, attempted suicide by jumping into the harbour at Mongkok. She was fished out and taken home by relatives.

The master of a firewood shop at No. 2, Elgin Street, ground floor has reported to the police that on Saturday he entrusted a quantity of firewood worth \$73 to a *fok* who has absconded.

The forthcoming wedding is announced of Mr. Thomas Mahoun, of the Hong Kong Police, to Miss Muriel Jane Blundson, residing at No. 2, Bowle Building, Fly Dragon Terrace, Causeway Bay.

A Chinese on Sunday attempted to commit suicide by hanging himself from a tree in Kennedy Road. He was seen by two soldiers who cut him down. He was taken to the Shaukiwan Police Station.

The annual meeting of the Kowloon Cricket Club will be held today, at 5.30 p.m. The annual report was published last week, and will be submitted for adoption tonight, when officers will be elected for the ensuing year.

The marriage arranged between Mr. J. A. Fraser and Miss K. E. Moxley will take place in St. John's Cathedral to-morrow, at 2.30 p.m. Owing to the bride's recent illness, there will be no reception, but all friends will be welcome at the Cathedral.

At the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday morning, before Mr. W. Schofield, a Chinese, who was prosecuted by St. Sergeant Cook, was fined \$15, or three weeks' hard labour in default, for the larceny of a piece of board from the Peninsula Hotel.

Mr. V. Djalidas, the managing proprietor of the Pioneer Silk Store, has been the recipient of many congratulations upon the addition of a son to his family circle. Chocolates are being distributed to customers at the store in honour of the happy event.

Convicted at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday morning on a charge of theft of five pieces of corrugated iron from the Royal Engineers barracks at the Whitfield Camp, a Chinese was fined \$20, or three weeks' hard labour in default, by Mr. W. Schofield. Staff Sergeant Smith prosecuted.

Among passengers arriving here yesterday by the Blue Funnel Line a.s. *Aeneas* from Hong Kong were Mrs. J. W. C. Bicknell, Mr. Bicknell, Mr. O. E. Davies, Mr. E. C. Gardiner, Mrs. Gardiner, Mrs. H. A. Mills, Mr. J. S. Martin, Mrs. J. D. McLeod, Mr. F. Pierce-Grove, Mr. R. A. Wadson (a solicitor, with Messrs. Descon) and Mr. J. F. Wright.

THE GOVERNOR OF MACAO'S VISIT.

DINNER AND DANCE AT CLUB LUSITANO.

HIS EXCELLENCY'S TRIBUTES.

YESTERDAY'S AND TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME.

Another interesting programme was carried through yesterday in connection with the visit of H.E. the Governor of Macao.

In the morning His Excellency, Madame and Mlle. Barbosa, and party motored round the Island via Shaukiwan, Stanley, and Aberdeen, and thoroughly enjoyed the trip. They afterwards proceeded to the bungalow of Commodore J. L. Pearson, C.M.G., for luncheon.

Later, His Excellency and his wife and daughter took up residence at the Repulse Bay Hotel, and Madame Barbosa devoted the afternoon to shopping.

In the evening an official dinner to H.E. the Governor of Macao, followed by a dance, as a token of honour and respect from the Portuguese Community of Hong Kong, was arranged and held at the Club Lusitano.

Covers were laid for 100 persons, and the following were the principal guests:

H.E. Senhor Arthur Tamagum Barbosa, Mlle. Barbosa, Mlle. Barbosa, Lieut. Pinto Abreu, aide-de-camp, Commander Almeida Pinheiro, Chief of Staff, the officers of the Portuguese gunboat *Patria*. His Lordship J. da Costa Nunes, Bishop of Macao, and Miss Nunes were invited to the dinner but were unable to accept the invitation.

Mr. A. Corveira de Albuquerque e Castro, Consul-General for Portugal, presided at the dinner, and with him were Mlle. and Mlle. Albuquerque.

The Committee.

The Committee, representative of the Portuguese community, responsible for the arrangements for the function, were:

Exmo. Sr. A. L. Corveira de Albuquerque e Castro (President), Exmo. Sr. J. M. de Castro Basto (Vice-President), Exmo. Sr. J. A. d'Almeida (Secretary), Exmo. Sr. Pedro Vicente Botelho, Exmo. Sr. Antonio Silva-Netto, Exmo. Sr. R. L. da Silva, Exmo. Sr. E. V. M. R. de Sousa, Exmo. Sr. Julio Ribeiro, Exmo. Sr. Arthur F. Oamund, Exmo. Sr. Verissimo Goncalves, Exmo. Sr. P. M. N. da Silva, Exmo. Sr. J. M. Noronha, Exmo. Sr. S. F. de Fina, Exmo. Sr. Dr. F. M. Graca Ozeiro, Exmo. Sr. Dr. R. A. Basto, Exmo. Sr. E. J. de Figueiredo, Exmo. Sr. Antonio Basto, Exmo. Sr. M. P. Baptista and Exmo. Sr. Antonio Botelho.

President's Speech.

As President of the Committee, Senhor Albuquerque proposed the toast of the health and prosperity of His Excellency. He said that it gave him extreme pleasure to do so, inasmuch as he was giving expression to the sincere and loyal protestations of the Portuguese community of the Club Lusitano and the Club de Recreio, and observed that when Macao needed the assistance of his compatriots in Hong Kong, it was readily and cheerfully extended to the sister Colony of Macao. Senhor Albuquerque referred to the advice and assistance he had received from individual members of the Portuguese community.

The toast was cordially drunk amid loud applause.

HIS EXCELLENCY'S REPLY.

His Excellency thanked the President of the Committee for the reception extended to him. He felt a sense of pride and pleasure at being the recipient of such a signal honour from the Portuguese residents of Hong Kong, an honour which would long live in his memory.

Speaking of the chief Portuguese institutions here, His Excellency thought that they betokened a vitality and energy which did not betray a disposition of activity, but rather a resourcefulness and a spirit of enterprise which went a long way to make for the success of the community of whom he was privileged to be a guest that evening.

(Continued on next Column.)

LEAVING HONG KONG.

"PRESIDENT CLEVELAND" PASSENGERS.

Among the passengers leaving on the *President Cleveland* yesterday were:

Dr. Franklin J. Halpin, U.S. Public Health Surgeon at Hong Kong, returning home to the United States on furlough.

Mr. O. E. Davis, travelling to Shanghai. Mr. Davis is connected with Messrs. Furness, Far East, Ltd.

Mr. C. F. Wolisfer and Mr. Wm. Morris, directors of the British-American Tobacco Co., returning to Shanghai after a business trip to Hong Kong.

Mr. J. H. Southwell, going to Shanghai. Also connected with the British-American Tobacco Co.

Mr. and Mrs. P. V. Botelho, Miss M. S. Botelho, Miss C. M. Botelho, and Miss Irene Botelho, travelling to Shanghai. Mr. Botelho is the head of the Botelho Bros., large firm of importers and exporters, Hong Kong.

Mr. C. A. Peel, connected with Messrs. Dodwell & Co., going to Shanghai.

He was not an advocate of the suppression of any of these great social activities, but rather would he urge his hosts to take to heart the idea of unity and fusion, which could not but make for strength and still greater prosperity. He realised what the Portuguese Consul had said of the economic crisis which spread like a cloud over his community in Hong Kong, but he relied sufficiently on the energy and ability of his compatriots to overcome these difficulties and, again, reach the pinnacle of success with the restoration of normal conditions in Hong Kong.

Among the gathering present he saw many of his former classmates, who were as true and loyal to him then as they were now and who, he felt certain, would be as close friends of his in the future. When he was in Lisbon, he felt particularly happy when Portuguese from the Far East came to see him.

Club Lusitano.

Of the Club Lusitano, he felt that on national grounds the institution did and must exist as a social centre of Portuguese life in this British colony and he was happy to think that in such a colony of British and Portuguese communities, there was co-operation in business as well as in pleasure. He could assure his hearers that the Government of Portugal would ensure members of the Club Lusitano its permanent assistance, and he would do all in his power to obtain such a desirable end. He felt it to be the bounden duty of every Portuguese in Hong Kong to enrol as a member of the Club Lusitano. (Loud applause.)

Mutual Assistance.

The Consul General had made reference to the readiness with which the Portuguese of Hong Kong had replied to the Government of Macao during a time of emergency and he felt sure that the same reply would be forthcoming from Macao at any time that it might be needed. (Loud applause.)

His Excellency felt overwhelmed with the enthusiasm of the reception accorded him. He had met with nothing but the most cordial greetings wherever he had gone and he was glad of the opportunity afforded to express his heartfelt thanks not only for himself, but also on behalf of his wife and daughter for the expressions of goodwill to them during their visit to Hong Kong.

In conclusion, His Excellency called for three *bravas* for Portugal which were most heartily given.

The Dance.

The dance hall was very tastefully and artistically decorated for the occasion, the decorations having been carried out under the direction of Mr. M. Baptista.

The dance was very enjoyable and successful and continued until a late hour, the "Footwarmers" Orchestra providing the music.

To-day's Programme.

To-day H.E. the Governor of Macao will attend a reception extended by the Chinese community at the Chinese Merchants' Club, invitations having been issued by Mr. Hon. Sir Shou Son Chow and the Hon. Dr. H. H. Kowall, C.M.G., the Chinese members of the Legislative Council.

The reception is timed for 4 p.m., and the Hon. Sir Shou Son Chow will speak to the cordial relations existing between the Portuguese and Chinese communities in Hong Kong, and H.E. Senhor Barbosa will respond.

Opportunity will be given for members of the Chinese community to meet His Excellency.

"MONEY NOT ESSENTIAL TO HAPPINESS."

ST. PETER'S CHURCH YOUNG MEN'S CLUB.

OPENING OF DEBATING SEASON.

St. Peter's Church Young Men's Club opened their debating season last night with the subject: "That Money is Essential to Happiness."

There was a large attendance, and sitting accommodation had to be extended to the porch.

Rev. N. V. Halward presided.

The proposer of the motion was Mr. S. Jayns (Eliot Hall), seconded by Prof. R. K. Simpson.

The opposition was led by Rev. J. C. Bohn, C.F., and Mr. G. S. Zimmern.

After a lively and most interesting discussion, the motion was defeated by 37 votes against 23.

The argument advanced for the motion was that it was "money" and not "wealth" that was essential to happiness. After providing for the bare necessities of life, one must have some money to improve and develop oneself, or to be of service to others to attain happiness. It was also argued that General Booth could not have been a happy man, as he is, if he did not have the money at his disposal to make others happy.

Prof. Simpson contended that happiness meant what could be looked forward to in anticipation. If one had only the means to pay for one's food, clothes and a roof, then he could not be happy. He, and nothing to look forward to and if he should fall sick and could not work, he would starve. That certainly was not happiness.

The opposition contended that one could be happy without money. It was from within, and not from outside influences that happiness came. The speakers illustrated their argument by quoting the lives of Shakespeare, Milton, Stevenson, St. Francis and others, who had made themselves quite happy without the aid of money. The argument was more or less on religious lines and referred to a happiness which was spiritual and everlasting. It was also contended that "money is the root of all evil," and that money alone had never made a man happy.

Future Activities.

In thanking the ladies and gentlemen for their attendance, Rev. N. V. Halward announced that the Club was giving a garden fete on November 11th and 12th. He said that although he could not vote one way or the other in the debate he would say that "money was essential" and that they needed it badly too for the fete. He therefore hoped that everyone would give their support.

The next debate will be on October 3rd, when the motion "That it is better to have loved and lost than never to have loved at all," will be put to the vote.

A QUEER ARMOURY.

"VISITOR FROM PAKHOI" ARRESTED BY A GARDENER.

A Chinese who said that he had come from Pakhoi was found outside the porch of Mr. C. A. S. Russ' residence at Repulse Bay, at about 12.45 by the gardener. The gardener who suspected that the man had no good intentions tackled him single-handed and after securing him went to his master with a bottle, a length of rope and a piece of board, which he had taken from his premises.

When Mr. Russ heard the story and saw these various articles, he went himself to conduct a further search. In the man's pocket he found one razor blade, a quantity of nails and three rubber balls, of the size which could be used as gaags.

The man was charged at the Central Magistracy yesterday before Mr. R. E. Lindsell, and was sentenced to three months' hard labour. The gardener was highly commended by the Magistrate who said that it was a praiseworthy act to tackle the accused on the spot.

WEATHER REPORT.

SOME RAIN.

Yesterday's weather report, forecast and remarks issued by the Royal Observatory at 5.35 p.m., stated:

The anti-cyclone remains over Japan. The depression has moved northwards and is situated about 100 miles west of Okinawa. Local forecast: N. or variable winds, moderate, cloudy, probably some rain.

"CONFUSION WORSE CONFOUNDED" THROUGHOUT CHINA.

CANTON AND SWATOW SERIOUSLY PERTURBED. POLITICAL PARTIES MORE PERPLEXING.

GENERAL TANG HOLDS A CONFERENCE AT HANKOW. MR. WANG CHING WEI PRESENT.

KUOMINTANG GRADUALLY BECOMING DISINTEGRATED AND POWERLESS.

There can be little doubt that the political situation throughout China is at the present moment more than ever unsatisfactory, and the prediction made some little time ago as to the probable short-lived character of Nanking's "Nationalist" Government seems about to be realised even sooner than the most observant could possibly have conjectured. The new Government appears suddenly to have become extraordinarily inactive, doubtless owing to the unexpectedly powerful opposition that has taken shape in the Wuhan cities. General Tang Seng Chi, with his disgruntled but evidently extremely able colleague, Mr. Wang Ching Wei, has been able to put up a stronger opposition than could possibly have been anticipated by the victorious Nanking members of the Kuomintang. The immediate results are to be seen in the inactivity of the so-called Nationalist Government and in the state of affairs now prevailing in Swatow, Canton and Hankow. Happily, in several of the Yangtze ports there seems to be a genuine desire for a resumption of trade with the foreigner. This would appear to be, at present, the one bright little flicker in an otherwise very sombre China.

PEKING'S "RADICAL" STUDENTS.

(Wah Tai Yat Pao.)

SHANGHAI, September 26th. Many kinds of circulars and pamphlets, aiming at the overthrow of the Peking Government, have appeared in Peking of late, and the police have discovered that these have emanated from some of the radical students in the educational institutes there. Consequently, the Peking University was thoroughly raided, with the result that about 20 students were arrested and taken to the Police Headquarters.

MARSHAL CHIANG'S MOVEMENTS.

(Wah Tai Yat Pao.)

SHANGHAI, September 26th. Marshal Chiang Kai Shek is reported to have sailed for Japan to-day.

General Yen Shih Shan's representative to Peking, when interviewed, said that General Yen, who favours Kuomintang doctrine, has worked politically in accordance with their principles in Shanghai, especially with regard to equality in land-ownership and the limitation of capital. General Yen considered such a course was an effective antidote against Communism. He had no intention, however, his spokesman asserted, to carry any military campaign against any outside, warring group for such a revolutionary cause. In fact General Yen's revolutionary work was merely political within Shansi province, and Shansi and Peking, although there was still no sign of co-operation, could get along without trouble.

General Chang Hsueh Liang, son of Marshal Chang Tso Lin, has sent his personal representative to Shansi with a special mission proposing terms of peace to General Yen Shih Shan. If he succeeds in obtaining General Yen's consent, the Peking Government will send another plenipotentiary to conclude a peace pact.

THE SOUTHERN CAMPAIGN TO BE RESUMED.

(Wah Tai Yat Pao.)

SHANGHAI, September 26th. The Southern campaign against the Northerners in Anhui is expected to be resumed. A portion of the Southern troops belonging to the 33rd Army Corps has moved towards Pengpu, while another Southern force, under General Ho Yiu Chu, has received orders to move northwards from Chuchow.

FOREIGN PROPERTY AT WUHU.

CHINESE TROOPS EVACUATE.

[NAVAL WIRELESS.]

WUHU, September 25th. The majority of foreign properties recently occupied by Chinese troops have been evacuated. Troops are still concentrating at Taipeifu against the continuing advance from Nanking.

GENERAL TANG CALLS A CONFERENCE.

(Wah Tai Yat Pao.)

SHANGHAI, September 26th. General Tang Seng Chi called a conference with his subordinates at Hankow, to which Mr. Wang Ching Wei also attended. General Tang declared that the Nanking Government, though it had no legal basis, was still a *de facto* government supported by a number of militarists. The Hankow Government might not openly sever all official relations with Nanking but it should act independently, despite what Nanking ordered it to do.

THE SITUATION AT SWATOW.

[NAVAL WIRELESS.]

SWATOW, September 24th. There has been no anti-foreign trouble up to the present, although the situation remains extremely unsettled.

Members of the Farmers' and Peasants' Union have taken advantage of the situation to lock a number of Chinese houses, the Police Headquarters together with a quantity of arms having been seized by the looters. A number of troops under Ho Lung have arrived.

The Looters.

SWATOW, September 25th. The peasant force entered Swatow on September 23rd looting and taking charge of the city. The police force has disappeared and the armed mob is in control of the city. H.M. Ship *Sirdar*, *Seraph*, *Serapis* and *Bluebell* are here.

SHANGHAI DOCKERS' STRIKE.

STILL CONTINUES.

[NAVAL WIRELESS.]

SHANGHAI, September 25th. It is confirmed that Marshal Chiang Kai Shek is now in Shanghai. The strike is continuing.

The employees of the Shanghai Dock and Engineering Co., who struck work on September 19th, have presented a series of demands, the more important being a general increase of pay, Sunday as holidays, \$1,000 compensation in case of death by accident whilst working, no apprentices under 18 years of age, no deductions for the period of the strike, the dismissal of a foreign employee, and the company to make a donation of \$150 to the men's union.

AGITATORS AT CHUNGKING.

[NAVAL WIRELESS.]

CHUNGKING, Sept. 25th. Propagandists are agitating against the presence here of British gunboats and citizens. These attempts to stir up trouble are meeting with little or no support from the local inhabitants.

BRITISH TRADE COMMISSION.

[NAVAL WIRELESS.]

HANKOW, Sept. 25th. The Trade Commission has returned.

U.S. PROHIBITION AGENT.

CHARGED WITH PIRACY ON HIGH SEAS.

THE BAHAMAS GOVERNMENT TAKE ACTION.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

New York, Sept. 26th. A telegram from Miami states that the Bahamas Government authorities have arrested Charles Nesle, an United States Prohibition Agent, on a charge of piracy on the high seas. He is alleged to have participated as an unauthorised member of a coast-guard crew in the seizure of a rum-running vessel within British waters.

SIR ROBERT HO TUNG IN SHANGHAI.

INTERVIEWS MARSHAL CHIANG.

APPROACHED BY LEADING CHINESE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, Sept. 26th. Sir Robert Ho Tung, who is on holiday in Shanghai, in an interview by Reuter, concerning an interview he had with Marshal Chiang Kai Shek yesterday, declined to make any premature statement, other than that the interview was satisfactory, and that he was favourably impressed by Chiang's personality.

It is believed, however, that the discussion turned on the possibilities of a peace movement, regarding which Sir Robert Ho Tung has been requested by numerous leading Chinese and by Chinese business men, to revive his previous endeavours to call a round table conference.

Sir Robert Ho Tung, however, considers the time for such a conference at present not yet ripe.

INDIAN TROOPS IN THE WAR.

IMMORTALISING THEIR GALLANTRY AT NEUVE CHAPELLE.

EARL BIRKENHEAD TO UNVEIL MEMORIAL.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Roubaix, Sept. 25th. Lord Birkenhead, the Secretary of State for India, will unveil on October 17th a memorial at Neuve Chapelle to the memory of the Indian soldiers who fell in the war, and in honour of the Army of India which fought in France.

Distinguished representatives of the British and French armies will be present, including Marshal Foch, and a detachment of Indian troops from all the India units which fought on the western front is to take part in the ceremony.

The memorial, the cost of which is being borne by all parts of the Empire, is erected on a site appropriately selected by the India Office on the Neuve Chapelle sector of the Festubert-Giverny front. It was here that the Indian army performed gallant work, including the capture of the village of Neuve Chapelle.

BLOCKS OF STONE ON RIVIERA RAILROAD.

ALSO BOMB EXPLOSION. SABOTAGE FEARED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

NICE, Sept. 25th. Huge blocks of stone were discovered on the permanent way, and are believed to have been laid by persons intending to wreck a train with American Legionaries on board.

Visit Of U.S. Legionaries.

Two cases of sabotage, believed to be not unconnected with the visit by American Legionaries, have occurred on the Paris-Nice main line, shortly before the Legionaries were due to travel thereon.

First, a bomb exploded between Cannes and Golfe de Juan, which destroyed part of the permanent way. Traffic was stopped and the damage was repaired.

The second instance was when plate-layers discovered large blocks of stone on the track between Cap Dail and Monaco.

The Legionaries duly arrived here, and have been enthusiastically welcomed.

MEXICAN BANDITS.

ATTACK TRAIN.

REPULSED WITH HEAVY LOSS.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

Mexico City, Sept. 26th. A telegram from Mazatlan states that 30 bandits were killed out of a band of 100 which attacked the Southern Pacific train, guarded by Federal soldiers, between Barranquilla and Laquicemada. The escort's losses were 10 wounded.

ECUADOR'S DECREE.

NO FOREIGN CHURCHMEN WANTED.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

Quito, Sept. 26th. The Government have issued a decree forbidding foreign churchmen, irrespective of their religion, to enter the country save in exceptional cases, when a special permit may be issued for a stay not exceeding 40 days.

INDIA'S RACIAL TROUBLES.

PAMPHLETEER STABBED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Lahore, Sept. 26th. Rajpal, the author of the Ranganasul pamphlet, has been stabbed by an assailant dressed as a Hindu Sadhu. The victim was taken to hospital. His condition is not serious.

LANCASHIRE'S COTTON INDUSTRY.

LACK OF CO-OPERATION.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

London, Sept. 26th. The *Manchester Guardian* reports, apparently on good authority, that the conference of Federation Master Spinners' Association and the Yarn Association, in view of the agreement of a common policy, has failed. The official report states that each section has decided to report the proceedings to its executive.

The *Guardian* says that the Yarn Association rejected as inadequate the Federation's proposals of closer co-operation regarding an organised curtailment of production of yarn from American cotton and the fixing of minimum yarn prices. The principal stumbling block has been the latter. The Federation contended that prices suggested by the Yarn Association were too high to enable the trade to meet foreign competition. There is also a marked difference of opinion with regard to the grading of yarn.

GERMAN "WAR GUILT" CONTENTION.

BELGIAN AND FRENCH REPLIES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

London, September 26th. Belgium and France have not delayed in replying to Von Hindenburg's speech at the unveiling of the Tannenberg memorial on September 18th, when the President denied his country's war guilt, or that German soldiers had perpetrated any atrocities during the war.

The Belgian Premier, M. Jaspar, unveiling a memorial at Ostend to the Belgian statesman, M. Beernaert, who died in 1912, said that Beernaert had not lived to see the violation of Belgian neutrality, and an innocent country delivered up to fire, murder, and the shooting of women, old people, and children in their cradles. He did not know the supreme test of defending his country against persistent attempts to sully Belgian honour and suffering by lying and bad faith.

The French Retort.

M. Barthou, the French Minister of Justice, unveiling a memorial at Livorno to the heroes of the Moroccan campaign, said that France could not permit the truth which had been proved by facts and documents to be travestied, but she was willing to keep silent conditionally on silence from the other side.

SOLIDARITY AMONG THE NATIONS.

BRITISH EMPIRE AND THE LEAGUE.

"OUTLAWING OF WAR" ADOPTED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Geneva, Sept. 25th. Ready recognition of the Empire's labours in the cause of solidarity among the nations was forthcoming in a speech by M. De Brouckere, the Belgian delegate, in the League Assembly.

He said, "When Sir Austen Chamberlain told us that a great effort had been made for the League of Nations by the Empire of Great Britain, we listened with deep gratitude and a sincere desire to understand the Empire's situation."

He added that there was no intention to manoeuvre Britain or the Empire into a course they might not desire to follow.

"A Distinct Step Forward."

Roubaix, Sept. 25th.

The Polish resolution outlawing war was unanimously adopted at League of Nations Assembly at Geneva yesterday.

Lord Onslow, the British delegate, expressed the view that the resolution defined clearly the main object of the League, and marked a distinct step forward.

"We recommend three things," he said, "namely, action by the League, systematic preparation of League machinery, and action by individual states." The League must use its influence in promoting co-ordinate agreements regarding arbitration and security. This would always have the support and goodwill of Great Britain.

It was shown by discussions that all were imbued with the same idea, and he hoped that preparatory commission would press forward with vigour, and that by next year great strides would have been taken in the process of disarmament, so that a really important contribution would be made to the League's first duty, which was the maintenance of peace, as the most important problem the League had to face.

Third Committee's Resolution Adopted.

Geneva, Sept. 26th. The Assembly, with acclamation, adopted the Third Committee's resolution on Arbitration, Security and Disarmament.

The report provides for the inviting of non-members of the League, for example, the United States, to participate if they should so desire, in the Special Committee, mentioned in the resolution.

Dr. Nansen On Britain's Attitude.

Dr. Nansen, speaking in the debate, appealed to Great Britain to recognise the effort made to find a method consistent with Great Britain's special position and one which would diminish instead of increasing her responsibilities. He said that everyone had been impressed by Sir Austen Chamberlain's speech, and since they had other evidence of Great Britain's reaction to the earlier Assembly discussions, he feared that British public opinion somewhat misunderstood the attitude of the supporters of the 1924 Protocol.

Mr. Nagasaki said that Japan cordially supported the Committee's work and would co-operate towards its fulfilment.

FROM BRITAIN TO AUSTRALIA BY AIR.

AIRSHIP SERVICE PROJECTED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Sydney, Sept. 25th.

Following reports by an air delegation from Britain with regard to airship mooring masts in Australia, Mr. S. M. Bruce, the Prime Minister, announced that the Cabinet had decided immediately to proceed with the preliminaries for the establishment of an airship service between Britain and Australia.

U.S. PROFESSIONAL LAWN LAWN TENNIS.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

New York, Sept. 26th. Vincent Richards won the first American Professional title, and \$41,000 by defeating Howard Kinsey 11-9, 6-4, 6-3.

SCHNEIDER CUP RESULT.

THE BRITISH WIN THE FIRST THREE POSITIONS.

A SUPER-MARINE NAPIER COMES IN FIRST.

THE ITALIAN COMPETITORS RETIRE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Venice, Sept. 26th. Weather was fine, visibility good, light winds prevailed and the sea was calm.

Flight-Lieutenant Webster (Great Britain) won in a Super-Marine Napier machine.

LATER.

Webster flew his monoplane at an average speed of 235.1 miles per hour.

Flight-Lieutenant Worsley (Great Britain) flying a Super-Marine Napier monoplane was second.

Flight-Lieutenant Kincaid (Great Britain) flying a Gloster-Napier biplane was third.

Italian Competitors Retire. The three Italian competitors retired.

All alighted safely.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Roubaix, Sept. 25th.

The seaplane race for the Schneider Cup, which was to have taken

place at Venice to-day, was postponed until Monday afternoon, owing to rough weather.

A strong south-westerly gale, with heavy seas, made the conditions impossible.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Spectators From All Over The World.

LATER.

Over a quarter of a million would-be spectators from all over the world were disappointed by the postponement of the Schneider Cup contest.

The Lido presented a most amazing scene, Royal Princes and millionaires jostling with workmen and trippers. Thousands, unable to get accommodation, slept out on the previous night. The weather has been the worst for thirty years.

Mr. Levine Changes His Mind.

VIENNA, Sept. 25th.

The American millionaire flier, Mr. Levine, and Captain Hinchliffe, his pilot, have gone to Venice to witness the Schneider Cup race.

WHITE ANTS.

INCREDIBLE POWERS OF DESTRUCTION.

WONDERFUL AND RUTHLESS REPUBLIC.

"The Life of the White Ant" (George Allen and Unwin, 6s.) by Maurice Maeterlinck is a book of extraordinary fascination and with an appeal to the imagination that is genuinely fearful.

It provokes man to ponder on powers after which he is still groping, and presents to him a development of natural forces which seems—unlike those which are centred in himself—to have reached its ideal.

In other words the white ant is perfect in its environment; the Creator has, in one direction, ceased to create. One then begins to search for the destiny of the white ant, but one can find none in the scheme of things.

Wonderful Republic.

Man is still experimenting where the white ant has succeeded. He is, for example, incapable of determining beforehand the sex of his offspring.

Neither can he preordain at will that his sons shall be soldiers, poets, or engineers.

Both these faculties are commonplace of the white ant's existence, and in a chapter called "The Occult Power," Mr. Maeterlinck aims at some central intellect which may possibly direct the most wonderful and ruthless republic which it is possible to conceive.

Their Civilisation.

Their civilisation is thus described, "By night and by day they exhaust themselves, without ceasing, various defined and complicated labours. Isolated, vigilant, and more or less useless in the humdrum of daily life, the monstrous soldiers wait resignedly in their gloomy barracks for the hour of danger and self-sacrifice."

"The discipline is more ferocious than that of the Carmelites or Trappists; and the voluntary submission to laws or regulations proceeding one knows not whence is unparalleled in any human society."

"There was in the beginning no creature so poorly equipped by nature for the struggle for life. It has neither the sting of the bee nor the formidable breastplate covering the ant, its most relentless foe."

Transformation.

In spite of all these disadvantages, "the termite (or white ant) has been able to transform itself and to invent weapons that the possessors no more spontaneously than we possess our own; it has been able to organise; to make its position impregnable; to maintain in its cities the temperature for its existence; to ensure against the future; to multiply indefinitely and to become little by little the most tenacious, the most deeply-rooted, the most formidable of all the occupants and conquerors of this globe."

The white ant's destructive powers are almost incredible. "Great trees that look most flourishing—for the bark is scrupulously respected—topple down at a touch."

WORK OF AMBULANCE SOCIETIES.

INCREASING ROAD ACCIDENTS IN ENGLAND.

NEED FOR FIRST AID KNOWLEDGE.

"The time may not be far off when an air ambulance will carry the stricken patient from New Zealand for treatment by a specialist in London. A knowledge of First Aid may become as necessary a part of the education of every child as a knowledge of the geography of Asia."

This is one striking passage in the Report issued by the Joint Council of the St. John Ambulance and the British Red Cross Society, which continues:

"The practice of First Aid has become one of the greatest safeguards of the country not only in peace but also in war. For if war on a large scale should ever come again, the possibility that it will be accompanied by conditions of peril for the civil population cannot be left out of the reckoning, and it may well be that the existence in the towns and villages of the country of an ambulance service, with bodies of trained workers, both men and women, accustomed to the care of the injured in circumstances of emergency, will prove of vital importance to the safety and steadiness of the people."

Appalling Figures.

The Report emphasises the point on which stress was laid months ago by the *Morning Post* that rapid progress was being made by the societies concerned to render this country safer for all road users, and points out how it is only fitting that the ambulances of the land should work with the lifeboats, "these ambulances of the sea."

Arrangements have been made for close co-operation with the fire brigades.

The Report states: "The number of road and street accidents has reached appalling figures, and is increasing every year. Last year 138,774 persons were killed or injured by accidents caused by road vehicles, the number having increased by more than 40 per cent. over that of two years ago. A proportion of the accidents is due to causes that are avoidable and must be eliminated. There remains a large number which must be accepted as the price to be paid for increased mobility."

"But because it is accepted that under present conditions the roads must inevitably be more dangerous to life and limb than they have been in the past, that is no reason for omitting to do anything that can be done to mitigate the consequences of those risks. The ambulances have played their part. A great proportion of their work during the past few years has been that of picking up the victims of street and road accidents. Indeed, the hospitals and their resources strained to the utmost to find room for the additional cases that are brought to them as a consequence of traffic accidents."

In his preliminary statement Sir Arthur Stanley shows that assistance has been given to 17,888 officers. Many have been assisted to undergo treatment for tuberculosis abroad.

RACING NOTES.

[By RAPHER.]

It is hoped that the Subaltern in the Queen's Regiment who marched his platoon across the Race Course near the Black Rock about 6.45 yesterday morning, with a fine disregard for the safety of the riders and ponies in training, will in future either use the recognised path to enter the ground (near the Service Clubhouse) or better still find some other suitable place for training his men. China ponies in training are sufficiently difficult to handle without introducing any outside disturbing influence and it is only ignorance of their habits that can excuse the mistaken attitude of dignity taken up by the Officer in question. *Reins n'est plus estimable que la civilité; mais rien de plus ridicule, et de plus à charge, que la cérémonie.*

Sixth Extra Race Meeting.
The handicaps for the Hong Kong Jockey Club sixth extra race meeting are given below—conversational fodder for the "railers" at Happy Valley. To avoid any misunderstanding perhaps I should say, habits of the rails. The handicaps were available yesterday morning and it will be gathered that the Handicapper spent a busy Sunday.

3rd Race: Jordan Handicap, "A" Class: Six Furlongs.

San Francisco Bay, 168 lbs.; City Hall (late Mongolia), late Glorious Dahlia, 168 lbs.; The Gomeril, 163 lbs.; Chow Tze Lon, 162 lbs.; 162 lbs.; Macao Beauty, 162 lbs.; Town Hall (late Manchuria), 158 lbs.; Mayfair (late Sunburst Rose), 157 lbs.; Shanghai Friend, 157 lbs.; King of Troy, 156 lbs.; Yuen Sin, 155 lbs.; Total Abstinence, 153 lbs.; Loch Tummel, 152 lbs.; August, 152 lbs.; Sutherland, 152 lbs.; Yee Xuen (late Jolly Kid), 152 lbs.; Shan Mein, 152 lbs.; Misty Eve, 150 lbs.; September, 150 lbs.; Chui Chow Ning (late Magog), 149 lbs.

2nd Race: Jordan Handicap, "B" Class: Six Furlongs.

Skidoo, 165 lbs.; Home Call, 161 lbs.; Grey Knight, 160 lbs.; Bing Boy, 159 lbs.; Little Sit Tang, 160 lbs.; Pottenbush, 160 lbs.; Dobbin, 153 lbs.; The Regent, 158 lbs.; Humdingar, 158 lbs.; Dragon Boat, 158 lbs.; Loongwa, 157 lbs.; Tangle, 157 lbs.; Tuning Fork, 155 lbs.; Kom Hong Hall, 155 lbs.; The Gomeril, 152 lbs.; Limestone Hall, 152 lbs.; Bright Eve, 150 lbs.; Funchal (late Dunwell), 149 lbs.

Jordan Handicap "C" Class: Six Furlongs.

Festive Eve, 165 lbs.; Mowgli, 165 lbs.; King Alan, 163 lbs.; Barley Grass, 163 lbs.; Loch Rannoch, 157 lbs.; Wild Hawk, 155 lbs.; Easter Day, 155 lbs.; Dolly, 155 lbs.; Circe, 150 lbs.; Fire Call, 150 lbs.; Lilac, 150 lbs.; Arabian Parrot, 150 lbs.; Scooter, 149 lbs.; Salvo, 147; Yorks, 143 lbs.; Perversity, 140 lbs.

Nathan Handicap "A" Class: 1 1/2 Miles.

Hon Sin (late Gasometer), 165 lbs.; The Gomeril, 163 lbs.; Leaf, 160 lbs.; Town Hall (late Manchuria), 158 lbs.; Uckele, 157 lbs.; Mayfair (late Sunburst Rose), 157 lbs.; May, 155 lbs.; Warlordship, 155 lbs.; Flash Star, 153 lbs.; Loch Tummel, 152 lbs.; Beautiful Terrace (late Sart), 152 lbs.; Papyrus, 152 lbs.; The Geeser, 151 lbs.; Total Abstinence, 151 lbs.; Misty Eve, 148 lbs.; Shan Mein, 147 lbs.

Nathan Handicap "B" Class: 1 1/2 Miles.

Grande-dol-Norte, 163 lbs.; Grey Knight, 160 lbs.; Pottenbush, 160 lbs.; Dobbin, 158 lbs.; Dragon Boat, 158 lbs.; Tangle, 157 lbs.; Bing Boy, 155 lbs.; Tuning Fork, 155 lbs.; The Gomeril, 152 lbs.; Limestone Hall, 152 lbs.; Bright Eve, 150 lbs.; 153 lbs.; Mowgli, 145 lbs.; Loch Rannoch, 145 lbs.; Barley Grass, 142 lbs.; Lilac, 140 lbs.

Bonham Handicap "A" Class: One Mile.

City Hall (late Mongolia, late Glorious Dahlia), 168 lbs.; San Francisco Bay, 168 lbs.; The Gomeril, 163 lbs.; Macao Beauty, 162 lbs.; Uckele, 157 lbs.; Mayfair (late Sunburst Rose), 157 lbs.; Baccarat, 157 lbs.; King of Troy, 156 lbs.; May, 155 lbs.; Yuen Sin, 155 lbs.; The Geeser, 155 lbs.; Total Abstinence, 153 lbs.; Loch Tummel, 152 lbs.; Papyrus, 152 lbs.; Beautiful Terrace (late Sart), 152 lbs.; Shan Mein, 152 lbs.; September, 150 lbs.; Misty Eve, 150 lbs.; Chui Chow Ning (late Magog), 149 lbs.

Bonham Handicap "B" Class: One Mile.

Grande-dol-Norte, 163 lbs.; Grey Knight, 160 lbs.; Pottenbush, 160 lbs.; Bing Boy, 160 lbs.; Dragon Boat, 158 lbs.; Dobbin, 158 lbs.; Tangle, 157 lbs.; Loongwa, 157 lbs.; Kom Hong Hall, 155 lbs.; Tuning Fork, 155 lbs.; The Gomeril, 152 lbs.; Limestone Hall, 152 lbs.; Funchal (late Dunwell), 149 lbs.

Bonham Handicap "C" Class: One Mile.

Festive Eve, 165 lbs.; Mowgli, 163 lbs.; King Alan, 163 lbs.; Barley Grass, 163 lbs.; Loch Rannoch, 157 lbs.; Wild Hawk, 155 lbs.; Easter Day, 155 lbs.; Dolly, 155 lbs.; Circe, 150 lbs.; Fire Call, 150 lbs.; Lilac, 150 lbs.; Arabian Parrot, 150 lbs.; Scooter, 149 lbs.; Salvo, 147; Yorks, 143 lbs.; Perversity, 140 lbs.

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INTERPORT BOWLS.

THE SHANGHAI TEAM SELECTED.

ARRIVING HERE ON OCTOBER 10th.

The following gentlemen have been selected to represent Shanghai in the forthcoming interport lawn bowls match at Hong Kong next month. The Shanghai team leave on the R.M.S. *Empress of Russia* on Saturday, October 8th, and are due to arrive here on Monday, October 10th. The interport match will probably be played on Wednesday, the 12th.

The team selected is:—
Mr. R. C. Aitkenhead captain and also skip. Messrs. T. G. Main, No. 3; A. A. Malcolm, No. 1; J. Brerley, No. 2; and J. E. Harvey and A. G. Borrass, reserves.

There is no doubt, says the *North China Daily News*, that the Shanghai team will give a good account of themselves, as they are a very strong four, and should retain for Shanghai the cup and pennant which we won last year. Apart from the interport game, there will be games played with all the bowling clubs in Hong Kong.

Mr. J. E. Harvey will act as secretary to the team and will keep us informed of the results as the games are played, by wire.

SHANGHAI LAWN BOWLS CHAMPIONSHIP.

FINAL OF THE OPEN RINKS.

The final of the Open Rinks Championship, was played on the Yangtze-poo Lawn Bowls greens last Thursday afternoon and resulted in a win for J. Burnside's rink, the final score, at the end of twenty one ends, reading 16-13. The pendulum of the game swung in the balance right up to the nineteenth end, when the score read 13-12 in Burnside's favour, but in the next end Burnside, with a splendid back draw, placed his side three-up and although Main held a splendid position in the last end, Burnside again came to the rescue with a draw for second wood. Burnside's play throughout was the feature of the game, and it can be said for Main that he was seldom favoured with any luck that was going. Both Aitkenhead and Bert Stormas bowled well in patches and the same can be said about the number two, Curry and Parry. Curry, in fact, rose to heights of brilliance at times and Parry is a bowler with a future. The two number ones, Milligan and Godwin, were sadly off colour, but all the bowlers found the green very hard and tricky. For a final match, it was a very disappointing game. The score board read as follows:—

Burnside.	Main.
1	0
2	2
3	3
4	3
5	3
6	3
7	5
8	5
9	5
10	5
11	8
12	9
13	9
14	11
15	12
16	12
17	13

LAWN TENNIS.

HONG DOUBLES.

W. L. Dunbar and A. W. Hay Edis (ser.) entered the semi-final of the Hong Doubles Tournament organised by the Hong Kong Cricket Club by defeating G. W. Sewell and H. B. Remington (owe 15) in the fourth round yesterday by two sets to love, the scores being 8-6 and 6-2. The winners will now meet Dr. F. Newton and Dr. R. K. Valentine (owe 5/6), of Government Civil Hospital on Thursday.

A. Piercy and W. B. Cornaby (owe 3/8), of Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., have already reached the final.

Bonham Handicap "A" Class: One Mile.
Grande-dol-Norte, 163 lbs.; Grey Knight, 160 lbs.; Pottenbush, 160 lbs.; Bing Boy, 160 lbs.; Dragon Boat, 158 lbs.; Dobbin, 158 lbs.; Tangle, 157 lbs.; Loongwa, 157 lbs.; Kom Hong Hall, 155 lbs.; Tuning Fork, 155 lbs.; The Gomeril, 152 lbs.; Limestone Hall, 152 lbs.; Funchal (late Dunwell), 149 lbs.

Bonham Handicap "B" Class: One Mile.

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CRICKET.

H.K.C.C. FIXTURES.

Below will be found the fixtures of the Hong Kong Cricket Club, which incidentally has not entered the Cricket League this season:—

The season extends from October to April commencing on October 1st when the first eleven plays the 13th Brigade. The early programme includes a series of trial matches for the interport against Shanghai and Malaya, which will be played between November 20th and December 10th.

The fixtures, however, do not include matches against the various units of the Services. Certain dates have also been allotted to the Services for the use of the ground and in all probability a record number of matches will be played on the Hong Kong Cricket Club ground this season.

The fixtures are as follows:—

Date.	Ground.	Team.
1st XI		
Oct. 1	Home	13th Brigade.
" 8	"	Army.
" 10	"	"
" 15	Away	Kowloon C.C.
" 22	Home	R.A.F.
" 29	"	Interport Trials.
Nov. 5	"	"
" 11	"	"
" 12	"	"
" 19	"	Interport XI v. Rest.
" 26	"	Interport Matches.
Dec. 3	"	"
" 10	"	"
" 17	Away	"
" 24	Home	Married v. Single.
" 31	"	Army.
" 31	"	Navy.
1928.		
Jan. 2	"	"
" 9	Away	Chinese R.C.
" 16	Home	Civil Service C.C.
" 23	"	United Services.
" 30	"	"
Feb. 6	"	"
" 13	"	Kowloon C.C.
" 20	"	Navy.
" 27	"	R.A.F.
Mar. 6	Home	Craigengower C.C.
" 13	Home	G. R. Sayer's XI.
" 20	"	Home University C.C.
" 27	"	H.K.A.
" 31	Away	Kowloon C.C.
Apr. 7	"	Home Army.
2nd XI		
Oct. 1	Away	Police C.C.
" 8	"	Navy.
" 15	Home	Kowloon C.C.
" 22	Away	Club de Recreo.
Nov. 5	"	University C.C.
" 12	"	Navy.
" 19	"	Interport Matches.
Dec. 3	"	"
" 10	"	"
" 17	Home	Club de Recreo.
" 24	"	Married v. Single.
" 31	Away	H. K. V. D. C. v. Recreo.
1928.		
Jan. 2	"	Craigengower C.C.
" 9	Home	Civil Service C.C.
" 16	Away	H.M.S. Tamar.
" 23	"	Chinese R.C.
" 30	"	Navy.
Feb. 6	Away	Kowloon C.C.
" 13	Home	H.K. Garrison 2nd XI.
" 20	Away	H.K. Electric Co. R.C.
" 27	Home	H.M.S. Tamar.
Mar. 6	Away	Civil Service C.C.
" 13	Home	Home University C.C.
" 20	Away	Club de Recreo.
" 27	Home	13th Brigade 2nd XI.
" 31	Away	Kowloon C.C.

VISITING MANILA.

HONG KONG ATHLETES LEAVING.

SERIES OF CONTESTS.

A group of Hong Kong athletic teams, consisting of rugby, soccer, hockey, tennis, golf and rowing experts, will arrive in Manila on the *Empress of Russia*, October 10th, for a series of matches with Nomad sports club, says the *Manila Bulletin*.

The players will stay for nine days as guests of the Nomads and every day, except Sunday, will be featured by competition. Several members of the invading teams are from the British army units stationed in Hong Kong while the others are employees of Hong Kong banks and export and import establishments.

The competition between the Hong Kong and Manila teams will open the day after the arrival of the invaders. The tennis teams of the two organizations will meet at the Manila Club courts Saturday, October 15th, a rugby match on the Nomad grounds has been arranged while Monday, October 17th, the Nomad and Hong Kong crews will try their luck at rowing.

Tuesday, October 18th, a soccer match has been booked, while the golf competition is billed for Wednesday, October 19th, Thursday, October 20th, hockey will feature the program while the competition will close Friday, October 21st, with another tennis match. The visitors will leave for Hong Kong, October 22nd.

U.S. LADIES' GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP.

MRS. HORN'S WIN.

[BUTTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

New York, Sept. 25th.
In the final of the American ladies' golf championship, Mrs. Horn beat Miss Orcutt, by 5 up and 4 to play.

A big crowd watched the finalists, who are both in the early twenties and appeared equally matched. The weather was perfect.

Both ladies were nervous in the forenoon, but settled down to their play in the afternoon.

Mrs. Horn, although out-driven by her younger opponent, was the steeper, and visited fewer hazards.

CHINESE FOOTBALLERS FOR MANILA?

INVITATION TO OLYMPIC TEAM.

MANILA, September 22nd.

The Chinese Olympic football team, champions of the Far Eastern championship games, may be seen in action in the city during December, Alberto Villalaz, coach of the Philippine Olympic football team, said yesterday. Letters to the China Football Association and Mr. M. K. S. Chang, a prominent member of the China Athletic Association, have been forwarded by Alberto Villalaz and local sportsmen backing the idea.

The China Football Association is invited to send the Chinese Olympic football players to the city during December for a series of games here. In case the Chinese Olympic team is not available intact, then the association is asked to gather as strong as possible a Chinese team from Shanghai.

The games, if scheduled will be played during the Christmas holidays.

DECREE NISI FOR CRICKETER.

MRS. LIONEL TENNYSON AND AN AMERICAN.

Major the Hon. Lionel Hallam Tennyson, the former England and present Hampshire cricket captain, of Jermyn-street, London, was granted a decree nisi in the Divorce Court last month on the ground of the misconduct of his wife, Clarissa Madeline Georgina Felicitie, with Mr. James Montgomery Beck, an American.

Neither Mrs. Tennyson nor Mr. Beck denied the allegation of misconduct at the latter's flat in Berkeley-street, London, last year.

Major Tennyson gave evidence and called as a witness Walter Smith, a night porter at the flat.

Major Tennyson was granted costs against the respondent and the co-respondent, and the custody of the two children of the marriage.

Mrs. Tennyson was divorced from a previous husband in order to marry Major Tennyson.

HAIPHONG RIOTS.

FRENCH PAPER'S STRONG CRITICISM.

M. VARENNE'S POLICY.

COMMUNISM IN INDO-CHINA.

In an article entitled "L'émule de Haiphong," Henri Tirard in the *Haiphong newspaper Le Colon Français* of the 23rd August says: "At last Alexandre Varenne will be satisfied. The Annamites have put into execution the principles dear to the Socialists of the Third International. This good people have shown, at Haiphong, during three days and three nights, and it is not finished, unhappily, a pronounced taste, acquired since the arrival of our dear consul, for the property of others."

"Simple manifestations at first without seditious cries, accompanied subsequently with yells against the Chinese and also against the French! On the morning, riotous assemblages, manifestations, blows given to the Chinese, and the hurling of missiles at policemen and at two non-commissioned officers who benevolently lent them their assistance! The chief of the service of the Bureau of Haiphong himself received a cudgel-blow on the right arm, a blow which for several days rendered it impossible for this official to arrest with his own hands a single desperado."

"Until then, what had the Mayor's office done? Nothing! Only the agents of the Urbaine and of the Sureté were mobilised—but

what could two dozen policemen do against the Haiphong mob entirely mobilised, reinforced hourly, and by hundreds, by the by the rabble of the suburbs and even of the distant countryside?

Pillage of Chinese Houses.

"But at the dawn of the third day things rapidly began to change. Their aspect. In the presence of the complete bankruptcy of the Mayor's office, which had made no appeal either to the troops or to the French citizens, the ringleaders no longer contented themselves with making isolated Chinese."

The whole rabble furnished themselves with various arms, knives, sticks, spears, and bars of iron and the pillage of Chinese houses began; but mark the method of the revolutionary chiefs! They did not go en masse to attack such and such a shop, no, they divided their forces and marched upon ten or twelve different points in the city and the pillage commenced—a pillage followed by murders and fire."

"It was then, only then, on Saturday, that the Mayor appealed to the troops and to the militia of the neighbouring provinces. Too late, blood was spilt, fire devoured the shops and houses, and the pillage continued."

Action Taken at Last.

"Then, frantic, the Mayor made an order forbidding the assemblages and the carrying of weapons and of projectiles, and ordering the closing of shops and booths at six o'clock—patrols went their rounds on foot and in automobiles, sentinels were posted at the cross-roads, the city divided into sectors."

"But the French merchants began to show their teeth, their comrades could not leave their

LOCAL RUGBY.

TWO MATCHES THIS WEEK.

CLUB PLAYING AGAINST NORTHAMPTONS.

There will be two friendly rugby matches played this week at Happy Valley, the first being to-morrow evening, and the second on Saturday.

In each instance it is a Club v. Northamptonshire Regiment games, for the first and second fifteens, respectively.

The following XV. will represent the Club v. the Northamptonshire Regiment at 5.15 p.m. to-morrow at Happy Valley:—C. E. Backhouse; A. E. Pritchard, R. F. Wright, M. D. Scott, G. P. Lammert; C. D. Wales, A. W. Chisholm Batten; J. L. Foster, R. F. Akhurst; J. Raikes, Lieut. Keeley, Treves, H. C. Williams, W. R. N. Andrews, R. W. Lee.

The following XV. has also been selected to play v. the Northamptonshire Regiment A. XV. on the same ground at 5 o'clock on Saturday:—C. E. Backhouse; B. W. Sampson, M. G. Mills, A. W. Summers, R. L. Stewart; A. G. Gordon, I. E. L. Mackay; S. J. Jordan (captain), W. Beveridge, M. G. O'Connor, R. McIntyre, Lieut. Waters, L. R. Billingham, M. D. Hoare, F. L. P. Thomas.

JEWISH DISORDER IN CONSTANTINOPLE.

GIRL MURDERED IN THE STREET.

INCIDENTS AT A FUNERAL.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 22nd.

Last week a Jewish girl, Elsa Neigo, was murdered in the streets of Constantinople by, it is alleged, a Turk, Osman Bey, son of the late Rabi Pasha. Osman Bey, who narrowly escaped being lynched by the crowd, was immediately arrested. Large crowds were present at the funeral and much feeling seems to have been displayed by certain Jews, with the result that traffic was interrupted and policemen hustled. Cries of "We want justice" and "Vile Turks" are related to have been raised.

The Turkish authorities and the Turkish people generally are highly incensed by this behaviour on the part of the Jews, and summonses were issued against nine Jews accused of having committed the offences cited above. They were brought yesterday before the First Correctional Court in Istanbul, which, after hearing the public prosecutor's statement and the journals of the accused men, adjourned the case until August 27th, meanwhile sentencing Osman Bey to preventive arrest. Although the incident in itself is of small importance it may have an important effect on the relations between Jews and Turks, which have hitherto been good.—*The Times*.

A DOUBLE DUN.

BUT THE FORGER PUNISHED.

On Sunday afternoon not long after the Sing King Hong arm, of No. 42, Bonham Strand west, had paid \$37 to the master of the steam launch *Fuel Lee*, for hiring the vessel, the arm received a visit from another man with a bill for the amount already paid. On examination, however, the bill proved to be forgeries, and the man was detained, later confessing to the police that he was at one time employed as a cook on the *Fuel Lee*.

When he was charged yesterday morning at the Central Magistracy, before Mr. B. E. Lindell, with attempting to obtain money by false pretences he was sentenced to three months' hard labour.

UNLUCKY THIRTEEN!

13 FAN TAN PLAYERS AT 13, LEE TUNG STREET.

Receiving information late on Saturday night which led to a suspicion that fan-tan was being played in No. 13, Lee Tung Street, a watchman, nine Chinese detectives, disguised in Japanese costume followed a Japanese to the third floor of the building.

There they found thirteen people, twelve Japanese and one Chinese playing the forbidden fan-tan. All the Japanese and the Chinese, who was a woman and appeared to be a servant, were taken into custody, and yesterday morning appeared before Major C. Willson at the Central Magistracy.

A Japanese, named S. Honda, and a Chinese, named Chan Chuan, were absent from the Court, and the bail of \$300 and \$150 which they had deposited with the station inspector, was confiscated. The Chinese woman was fined \$5, while the remainder each had to pay \$10. Twenty-five yen, a ten-dollar American gold piece, and over \$134 local money, seized during the raid, were confiscated on the application of the prosecuting police officer, Sergeant Rozeksky.

MOTOR-BOAT EXPLOSION.

FATALITIES AT MANILA.

Zacarias Marcos by Luned, machinist, was instantly killed, Francisco Garcia lies at the point of death in the Philippine General Hospital, and Ventura Marcos was seriously injured in an unexplained explosion which wrecked the motorboat *Boles* in the Pasig River last Wednesday morning.

Shortly after 8 o'clock Fort Santiago officials heard a severe explosion the force of which rattled the glass windows at army headquarters. Thinking that the detonation came from the Ordnance depot, where stocks of ammunition and other explosives are kept, the authorities promptly investigated and found that the crash came from the *Boles* which was anchored close to the fort river-wall.

The *Boles*, a motor-driven boat owned by Senator Juan B. Alegre, and valued at P15,000, has partly submerged on the spot of the disaster. It is understood that it was recently brought down from Casiguran, Albay, for repairs.

PHILIPPINES SHIPPING.

EXPERTS TO SURVEY SITUATION.

LEGISLATURE TO APPOINT GROUP OF TECHNICIANS.

The legislature of the Philippines will form a special committee of technical men to make a survey of Philippine shipping conditions with a view to determining whether or not there is real need for increasing the tonnage of vessels now in the service.

Moved by a desire to protect Filipino shipowners as far as reasonable, prominent members of the legislature would give these shipping men another chance to improve the present service. The special committee will inspect all vessels to find out which should be replaced and which can be remodelled to suit local freight and passenger carriage.

Filipino and American shipowners will be given a definite period within which to replace or repair their vessels. If at the end of that period they fail to come up to expectations, then foreign shipping firms will be authorized to come in and do what they can.—*Manila Times*.

D.O.G.A. CONCERT.

THE PROGRAMME FOR TO-MORROW EVENING.

In connection with the Diocesan Old Girls' Association a concert is being given at St. John's Cathedral Hall to-morrow evening, the proceeds to be devoted to the fund for a pavilion for the Association. The concert begins at 8 p.m., and the programme is as under:—

Part I.
Quartet, Mrs. G. Aubrey, Miss Braga, Miss C. Braga, and Mr. J. Braga; Recitation, Rev. W. W. Rogers; Soprano Solo, Mrs. R. Sanger; Cello Solo, Mr. Geo. Surmi

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

SWATOW, SHANGHAI, & TSINGTAO	"SHANTUNG"	On 29th Sept. 10 a.m.
HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, & TSINGTAO	"TRAN"	On 29th Sept. Noon
WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO, & TIENTSIN	"KUBICHOW"	On 30th Sept. 4 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI, NEW CHANG & DALNY	"LUOHOW"	On 2nd Oct. Noon
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KWANGYANG"	On 2nd Oct. Noon
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"ANHUI"	On 3rd Oct. 8 a.m.
AMOI, SHANGHAI & TSINGTAO	"SUITANG"	On 4th Oct. 6 a.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"LINAN"	On 6th Oct. 8 a.m.
WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"HUICHOW"	On 6th Oct. 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI & TSINGTAO	"SZECHUEN"	On 8th Oct. 6 a.m.
BANGKOK	"ORINNEA"	On 8th Oct. 6 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI, NEWCHANG & DALNY	"LIANGCHOW"	On 9th Oct. 8 a.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KALGAN"	On 9th Oct. Noon
SWATOW, AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"ANKING"	On 9th Oct. 6 p.m.
AMOI, SHANGHAI & TSINGTAO	"SINKIANG"	On 11th Oct. 6 a.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"CHENAN"	On 13th Oct. 8 a.m.
SHANGHAI & TSINGTAO	"SUNNING"	On 15th Oct. 6 a.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"ANTUNG"	On 16th Oct. 6 a.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KIANGSU"	On 18th Oct. 10 a.m.

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CHANGTE	9th December	16th December
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Shipping News Arrivals and Departures, etc.

ARRIVALS.

September 25th.

Clara Jeben, Danish str., 1,145 tons, Capt. J. Davidson, from Bangkok and Swatow, with rice and general cargo, lying at buoy No. C14—Kwang Nguan Seng.

Daijoku Maru, Japanese str., 2,037 tons, Capt. T. Torii, from Miki, which port she left on September 19th, with 3,357 tons of coal, lying at buoy No. B51.

Hermes, Dutch motor ship, 2,313 tons, Capt. P. Rietkerk, from Balikpapan, which port she left on September 17th, with kerosene and benzine, lying at North Point—A.P.C.

Soochow, British str., 1,564 tons, Capt. L. Jenkins, from Canton, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. B2—B & S.

Tak Nam, Chinese str., 105 tons, Capt. J. San, from Amoy, with a general cargo, lying at Luen Cheong Wharf—Fook Hoi Sui Co.

September 26th.

Aerona, British str., 10,558 tons, Capt. W. K. Wallace, from Liverpool, which port she left on August 20th, with 2,000 tons of general cargo for Hong Kong, lying at Holt's Wharf—B & S.

Benvenue, British str., 3,750 tons, Capt. Watters, from London via ports. She left London on August 13th, with a general cargo, lying at Kowloon Wharf—Giggs, Livingston & Co.

Caravelle, French str., 1,977 tons, Capt. Frive, from Saigon, which port she left on September 20th, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. B48—Optorg Co.

Eumavia, British str., 4,849 tons, Capt. J. W. Read, from Manila, which port she left on Sept. 24th, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. A52—B & S.

Hakodate Maru, Japanese str., 3,338 tons, Capt. H. Takase, from Shanghai, which port she left on September 23rd, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. A1—N.Y.K.

Kuichow, British str., 1,220 tons, Capt. H. P. Carver, from Tientsin and Weihaiwei. The latter port she left on September 21st, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. C34—B & S.

Pheumphen, British str., 1,065 tons, Capt. A. W. Hall, from Saigon, which port she left on Sept. 21st, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. A10—Wo Fat Shing.

President Monroe, American str., from New York and San Francisco, with 1,000 tons of general cargo, lying at Kowloon Wharf—Dollar Line.

Saabrucken, German str., 4,385 tons, Capt. H. Grantz, from Fochow, which port she left on September 24th, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. A54—Melchers & Co.

Eurabaya Maru, Japanese str., 2,798 tons, Capt. R. Fukuo, from Sourabaya and Tawae, with rattan and merchandise, lying at buoy No. A28—O.S.K.

Tjiluwong, Dutch str., 3,061 tons, Capt. H. J. A. Krijt, from Sourabaya and Swatow, with sugar and general cargo, lying at buoy No. A38—J.C.J.L.

West Cajoot, American str., 3,339 tons, Capt. O. E. Thoresen, from Manila, which port she left on September 23rd, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. A30—Swayne & Hoyt Inc.

PASSENGERS.

Arrivals

Per s.s. President Cleveland, on September 25th, from Manila:— Mr. F. R. Ahlborn, Sister M. T. Beauf, Sister L. G. Chaneau, Mr. M. A. Cohen, Mrs. E. L. Davis, Miss R. Dugan, Mr. W. M. Fleming, Mrs. G. S. Harrison, Mrs. F. Luckel, Mr. R. Herrera, Mrs. F. H. Luckel, Dr. J. Paez, Sister L. Pettite, Mrs. G. R. A. Peters, Mrs. Brothers Paul, Mrs. Louie E. Raymond, Mr. Ed. E. Williams, Mr. J. K. W. Zientek.

Per s.s. Aerona, from the United Kingdom, on September 25th:— For Hong Kong: Miss A. C. Benson, Mrs. J. W. C. Bicknell, Mr. Bicknell, Mr. O. E. Davies, Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Gardiner, Master J. B. Gardiner and the Misses Gardiner, Mrs. H. A. Mills and infant, Mr. J. S. Martin, Mr. J. D. McLeod, Dr. F. Pierce-Grove, Mr. K. H. Scott, Mr. R. A. Wadsworth, Mr. J. F. Wright, Miss V. Waldheim. Among passengers passing through on their way to Shanghai were: Miss E. G. Anderson, Mrs. E. H. Baker and infant, Madam Cheah Mow Sow, Madam Chow Leong Si, Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Freeman, Mr. Foo Wang Hang, Capt. and Mrs. A. E. House, the Misses House and Master J. F. House, Mr. F. J. Heal, Mr. V. J. B. Holland, Mr. A. Newcomb, Mr. R. M. Nash, Mr. R. K. Ramsay, Miss E. R. P. Ramsay, Master F. A. Ramsay, Mrs. G. Rodriguez, Mrs. T. W. Skipwith, Mr. T. F. Waters.

Per s.s. President Monroe, from America and ports, on September 26th:— For Hong Kong: Mr. G. A. Atkins, Mr. A. Brostedt, Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Lorrige, Mrs. I. E. Moller, Mr. L. Moller, Mr. Kou Lee San, Mr. W. F. Shumway, Mr. Yang Sue Woo, Mr. Lee Tse Yung, For Manila: Mr. D. W. Beldon, Miss C. M. Bennett, Mr. J. C. Doud, Mrs. M. Kilpatrick, Mr. R. Mahan, Mrs. M. M. McCoy, Mrs. L. U. Sampson. For Singapore: Rev. and Mrs. R. W. Bachtel, Mrs. R. Barnhart, Master R. L. Barnhart, Miss E. M. Eakin, Dr. and Mrs. J. V. Horst, Miss J. Horst, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Keeble, Mrs. M. A. Means, Master G. P. Means, Mrs. L. M. Neely, Mr. D. W. Smith, Rev. and Mrs. R. E. Wells. For Penang: Mr. M. E. Baushamp, Mr. E. P. Bell, Mr. E. Hilton, Mr. L. Howell, Mr. P. H. Moleder, Mr. F. G. Wilson. For Colombo: Mr. A. M. Advani, Mr. W. H. Boals, Miss N. U. Branch, Miss L. J. Cheney, Miss H. L. Davis, Archibishop H. Doering, Mr. and Mrs. M. K. W. Heicher, Miss J. Hough, Miss E. K. Mandeville, Miss S. G. Streeter. For Alexandria: Rev. and Mrs. W. R. Sawhill, Miss M. L. Sawhill, Mr. (Continued on next column.)

CLEARANCES.

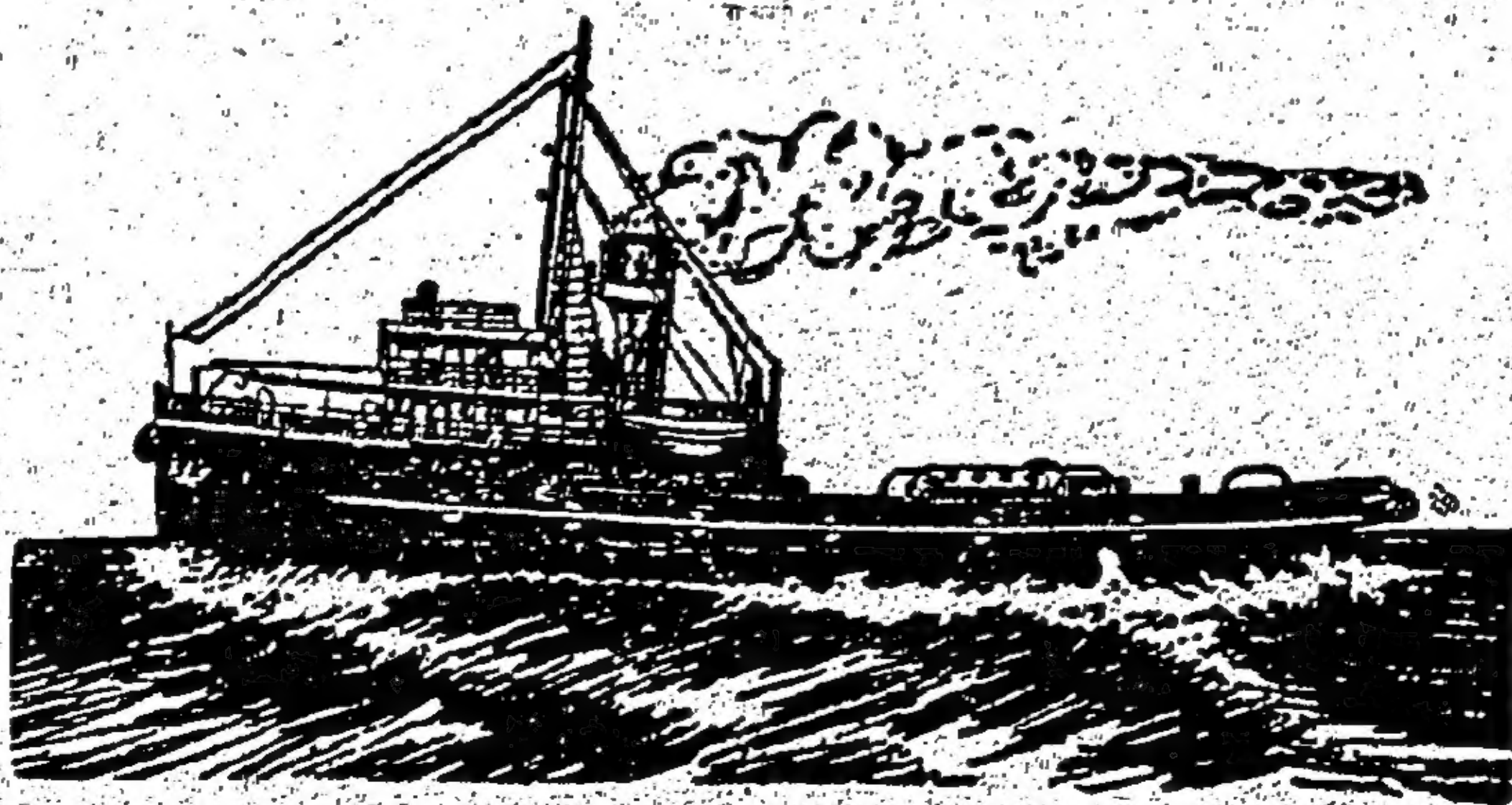
September 26th.

Aerona, for Shanghai.
Benvenue, for Takao.
Chak Sang, for Canton.
Eumavia, for Miki.
Hakodate Maru, for Singapore.
President Cleveland, for Shanghai.
President Monroe, for Manila.
Saabrucken, for Manila.
Skuld, for Bangkok.
Soochow, for Amoy.
Sourabaya Maru, for Takao.
Sumatra, for Shanghai.
Tjiluwong, for Amoy.

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SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATIONS

CANTON	"CHAKSANG"	Tuesday, 27th Sept. at 7 a.m.
TSINGTAO via SWATOW	"HOPKANG"	Wednesday, 28th Sept. at daylight
SHANGHAI	"MAUSANG"	Wednesday, 28th Sept. at 3 p.m.
SINGAPORE	"YUENSANG"	Wednesday, 28th Sept. at 3 p.m.
TIENTSIN	"MINGSANG"	Thursday, 29th Sept. at 3 p.m.
CANTON	"KWAISANG"	Friday, 30th Sept. at 3 p.m.
TSINGTAO via SWATOW	"YUSANG"	Friday, 30th Sept. at 5 p.m.
SHANGHAI	"CHAKSANG"	Sunday, 2nd Oct. at 7 a.m.
TSINGTAO via SWATOW	"KWAISANG"	Wednesday, 5th Oct. at 7 a.m.
SHANGHAI	"LAISANG"	Thursday, 8th Oct. at 3 p.m.
TIENTSIN	"CHIESHANG"	Friday, 7th Oct. at 3 p.m.
OSAKA via AMOI	"KUMSANG"	Sunday, 9th Oct. at 7 a.m.
MOJI & KOBE	"KWONGSANG"	Sunday, 9th Oct. at 7 a.m.
TSINGTAO via SWATOW	"HANGSANG"	Wednesday, 12th Oct. at 7 a.m.
SHANGHAI	"YATSHING"	Sunday, 16th Oct. at 7 a.m.
TSINGTAO via SWATOW	"HOSANG"	Thursday, 20th Oct. at 3 p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to—

JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LTD.
GENERAL MANAGERS.

TELEPHONE: CENTRAL No. 215.

GLEN LINE.

FARE: HONG KONG TO LONDON £22.

LONDON, ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG via STRAITS & COLOMBO.

Motor Vessel "GLENLUCE"	(via Oran)	19th October
Steamship "CARMARTHENSIRE"	(via Oran)	2nd November
Motor Vessel "GLENARA"	(via Oran)	30th November
Steamship "CARMARTHENSIRE"	(via Oran)	28th December

SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA & VLADIVOSTOK.

Motor Vessel "GLENBEG"	Dus Hong Kong.
Motor Vessel "GLENARA"	29th September
Motor Vessel "GLENBEG"	15th October
Steamship "CARMARTHENSIRE"	27th October
Steamship "CARMARTHENSIRE"	10th November
Steamship "FEMROKESIRE"	24th November

For Freight, Passage and further Particulars, apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
AGENTS: THE GLEN LINE, LTD.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN.

FAR EASTERN PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE.



Cabin class: £73 4s. Od.
Intermediate class: £43 2s. Od.
To GENOA.

NEXT SAILINGS:

Regular Fast Four-weekly Passenger-Service (Also taking cargo).

ACCOMMODATION FOR 100	ARRIVAL AT HONG KONG	DEPARTURE FROM HONG KONG
CARIN OLSEN 100 100	ARRIVAL AT HONG KONG	DEPARTURE FROM HONG KONG
LYNNHOLM 100 100	ARRIVAL AT HONG KONG	DEPARTURE FROM HONG KONG
PANFAR 100 100	ARRIVAL AT HONG KONG	DEPARTURE FROM HONG KONG
S.S. "COLENZ"	24th Oct. 1927.	22nd Oct. 1927.
S.S. "FULDA"	21st Nov.	19th Nov.
S.S. "TRIEB"	19th Dec.	17th Dec.
S.S. "DERFFLINGER"	19th Dec.	14th Jan. 1928.

Regular Fast Four-weekly Freight Service.

NEXT HOMEWARD SAILING:	
S.S. "ROLAND"	on or about 10th October, 1927
S.S. "SCHLESSEN"	on or about 10th November, 1927

NEXT ARRIVALS FROM EUROPE:

S.S. "AACHEN"	on or about 18th October, 1927
S.S. "DESSAU"	on or about 10th November, 1927

For Freight, Passage and further Particulars, please apply to—

MELCHERS & CO.

Telephone C. 4557.
4, Queen's Building, Chater Road. HONG KONG. [30]

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LIMITED.

HONG KONG & SOUTH CHINA COAST PORT SERVICE.

REGULAR SERVICE of Fast, High Class Coast Steamers. Sailings subject to alteration without notice.

FOR

SWATOW, AMOI & FOCHOW

AND RETURN

(Occupying 5 to 9 Days)

HAINING	Tuesday, the 27th September, at 2 p.m.
HAITANG	Friday, the 30th September, at 1 p.m.
HAIHONG	Tuesday, the 4th October, at 1 p.m.

Arrivals and Departures from the Company's Wharf (near Blake Pier) Round Trip Tickets will be issued from Hong Kong to Fochow (Fochow Anchorage) or vice versa and Return by the same Steamer at the Reduced Rate of \$80.00 including Meals while the Steamer is in Port.

For Freight and Passage apply to—

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & CO.

General Managers.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC.
TO VICTORIA AND VANCOUVER
SAILINGS 1927.

STEAMERS	H. Kong	S'hai	Kobe	Y'haup	Vancouver
EMPERESS OF CANADA	Oct. 5	Oct. 8	Oct. 11	Oct. 14	Oct. 23
EMPERESS OF RUSSIA	Oct. 23	Oct. 26	Oct. 29	Nov. 1	Nov. 4
EMPERESS OF ASIA	Nov. 16	Nov. 19	Nov. 22	Nov. 25	Nov. 28
EMPERESS OF CANADA	Dec. 7	Dec. 10	Dec. 13	Dec. 16	Dec. 25
EMPERESS OF RUSSIA	Jan. 4	Jan. 7	Jan. 10	Jan. 13	Jan. 22
EMPERESS OF ASIA	Jan. 23	Jan. 26	Jan. 29	Feb. 1	Feb. 4
EMPERESS OF CANADA	Feb. 15	Feb. 18	Feb. 21	Feb. 24	Mar. 4
EMPERESS OF RUSSIA	Mar. 7	Mar. 10	Mar. 13	Mar. 16	Mar. 25

(E/Asia and E/Russia call at Nagasaki the day after departure from Shanghai).

SPECIAL FARES TO EUROPE
£120 £112 £83

All First and Second Class Rooms on the "EMPERESS OF CANADA," "EMPERESS OF ASIA" and "EMPERESS OF RUSSIA" are fitted with Hot and Cold Running Water.

HONGKONG-MANILA SERVICE

Leave Hong Kong	Arrive Manila	Leave Manila	Arrive Hong Kong
Oct. 11	Oct. 18	EMPERESS OF RUSSIA	Oct. 22
Nov. 1	Nov. 3	EMPERESS OF ASIA	Nov. 12

CANADIAN PACIFIC EXPRESS
TRAVELLERS CHEQUES
PAYABLE THE WORLD OVER.

THE SAFEST AND MOST CONVENIENT WAY TO CARRY FUNDS.

Passenger Department: Tel. U. 753. Cable: "GACANPAO."
Freight and Express: Tel. U. 41. Cable: "NAUTILUS."

N.Y.K. LINE

THROUGH BOOKING TO EUROPE AT REDUCED RATES:
\$110, \$112, \$110, \$102, \$93, via SAN FRANCISCO,
OSAKA, YOKOHAMA, MANILA AND SEATTLE.SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports & Honolulu.
*SIBERIA MARU ... Tuesday, 18th Oct.
*TAIYO MARU ... Tuesday, 18th Oct.
*TAMBA MARU ... Monday, 31st Oct.
*Calls Los Angeles, Omitting Honolulu.

LONDON via Singapore, Suez, Marseilles & Ports.

*ATSUTA MARU ... Saturday, 8th Oct.
*KASHIWA MARU ... Saturday, 22nd Oct.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Ports.

*AKI MARU ... Wednesday, 19th Oct.
*MISHIMA MARU ... Wednesday, 23rd Nov.

BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang & Colombo.

*TAMBA MARU ... Tuesday, 11th Oct.

SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu,

Los Angeles, Mexico and Panama.

*ANYO MARU ... Thursday, 29th Sept.

SOUTH AMERICA (East Coast) via Singapore, Cape

Town & Ports.

*KANAGAWA MARU ... Saturday, 13th Oct.

NEW YORK and/or BOSTON via PANAMA.

*MAYEASHI MARU ... Friday, 30th Sept.

LIVERPOOL via Singapore, Colombo, Port Said & Ports.

*LIMA MARU ... Thursday, 20th Oct.

CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.

*NAGANO MARU ... Saturday, 1st Oct.

NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

*MISHIMA MARU ... Friday, 31st Oct.

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

*SUWA MARU ... Monday, 3rd Oct.

*TOTOH MARU (Mojito direct) ... Saturday, 8th Oct.

*YAMAGATA MARU (Mojito direct) ... Saturday, 8th Oct.

*SEIYO MARU (Kobe direct) ... Monday, 10th Oct.

*FUSHIMI MARU ... Monday, 17th Oct.

*Cargo only.

For further information, apply to—

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

Telephone: Central No. 292 (Private exchanges to all Dep'ts.).

HOLLAND EAST ASIA LINE
of the United Netherlands
Navigation Company.Regular Steamship Service between
Japan, Vladivostok, China, Hong Kong, Manila, Singapore
and
Genoa, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen and
North Continental Ports

ARRIVALS FROM EUROPE:

*"OLDEKERK"	17th October.
*"GEMMA"	16th November.

SAILINGS FOR EUROPE:

*"OLDEKERK"	2nd October.
*"MADOERAN"	30th October.

All Steamers have a Limited Accommodation for Passengers.

For Freight, Passage and further Particulars, Please Apply to—

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LYN.

Telephone: Central No. 1674. Yeh Building.

Shipping News

Daily Statement, Waterfront
News, etc.YESTERDAY'S FREIGHT
RETURNS.INWARD AND THROUGH
CARGOES DOWN.JAPANESE VESSELS BEST
CONTRIBUTORS.

The returns for the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday showed a decreased tonnage both for the Colony and for ports beyond. Japanese vessels were again the best carriers.

There were in all 9,111 tons of freights imported into the Colony, of these, three British steamers accounted for 4,919 tons. The best return was made by the s.s. *Daiyoku Maru* from Miki with 3,857 tons of coal.Through cargoes amounted to 8,562 tons. Three British ships were responsible for 739 tons. The s.s. *Saurabaya Maru*, from Sourabaya and Tawau had 4,540 tons.

The arrivals and departures during the period under review were:

	Arr.	Dep.
British	6	1
American	1	1
Danish	1	0
Dutch	1	0
Japanese	3	2
Norwegian	0	1
Chinese	0	1
Total	12	6

S.S. *Eumecus* (British) from Norfolk and Manila, 219 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Swichow* (British) from Taku Bar and Weihaiwei, 2,000 tons general for Hong Kong and 339 tons for other ports.S.S. *Seouchow* (British) from Canton, 360 tons general for other ports.S.S. *Pheumpeh* (British) from Saigon, 2,000 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Hop Sang* (British) from Canton, 20 tons general for other ports.S.S. *President Cleveland* (American) from Seattle and Manila, 89 tons general for Hong Kong and 2,650 tons for other ports.S.S. *Clara Jachet* (Danish) from Bangkok, 11,447 bags rice and 58 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Tjilting* (Dutch) from Sourabaya and Swatow, half ton general for Hong Kong and 533 tons for other ports.S.S. *Daiyoku Maru* (Japanese) from Miki, 3,857 tons coal for Hong Kong.S.S. *Saurabaya Maru* (Japanese) from Sourabaya and Tawau, 30 tons general for Hong Kong and 4,540 tons for other ports.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.S.S. *Siberia Maru* (Japanese) from Los Angeles and Shanghai, 880 tons general for Hong Kong.

DAILY WATERFRONT NEWS.

CHIEF ENGINEER AND COOK
FALL OUT.BRITISH WARSHIPS VISITING
JAPAN.

[BY LONGHOREMAN.]

"Lungshan" Record.

The *Lungshan*, on the Macao run on Sunday, made what is believed to be a record trip. Leaving Hong Kong at 9.30 a.m., she was berthed at Macao at 11.30 a.m. Leaving on the return journey at 4 p.m., she was completely berthed at 7.5 p.m. Captain Madden is the popular master of this vessel.

The S.S. "Eumecus."

The s.s. *Eumecus*, Blue Funnel liner, arrived in Manila at 3 p.m. on Wednesday with 1,400 tons of cargo for discharge here. The vessel comes from New York via Suez on the first trip from that port under the new Blue Funnel schedule of 44 days. The ship made the journey in two days less than schedule. The new schedule was announced two months ago, shortly before the *Eumecus* weighed anchor in New York for the East. The *Eumecus* left on Friday afternoon for Hong Kong, and arrived here on Sunday.

"President" Liners.

There were three "President" liners in port yesterday, and with other ships, the Kowloon Wharves and the Harbour generally presented a very busy appearance. The "President" liners were the *President Cleveland*, which arrived yesterday, and the *President Monroe*, which arrived late in the afternoon, and the *President Madison*, which arrived in port late in the afternoon, and sailed for Manila today at 6 p.m.The *President Monroe* brought ten cabin passengers for Hong Kong, has six for Manila and through passengers to Straits ports, etc., numbered 44.

Mails.

There were a number of big mails arriving yesterday. The s.s. *President Monroe* and *President Madison*, and also *Siberia Maru* brought United States, Japan and Northern mails, and the *Madison*, which arrived late in the afternoon, also brought Home and Europe mail via Siberia. Their were also several minor mails arriving, including Straits letters and papers. To-day the s.s. *Lakore* is due with Home and Europe mail (letters and papers) via Negapatam. There are plenty of Home mails out this week, as will be seen by the official G.P.O. mail notice, and there are Home and Europe mails via Siberia every day this week, as well as two via Suez.

Marine Court Cases.

Before Commander J. B. Newell, D.S.O., R.N., at the Marine Court yesterday morning, three masters and five mistresses of cargo boats were each fined \$10 with the alternative of ten days' hard labour for lying inshore in low water with in a distance of less than 100 yards.

Chinese Deck Passengers.

The total number of Chinese deck passengers entering the Colony during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday was 35.

Accident On Board Ship.

While on a voyage from Saigon to this port, a Chinese seaman on board the s.s. *Pheumpeh* broke his arm.

The "Leyden" Disaster.

The board of marine accidents of the bureau of customs was to submit its report on the *Leyden* disaster to the insular collector of customs last Thursday.The impression gathered in customs circles seems to point to the culpability of Francisco de la Cruz, master of the tug-boat *Leyden*, in the accident. It is believed that the board acted in accordance with this view. Suspension of license generally follows a finding in which an officer is held responsible for any marine accident.The *Leyden* sank near the mouth of the Pasig river last month, and 37 men were drowned.

Chief Engineer Guilty Of Assault.

Orlando Carone, chief engineer on board the American liner, *Crisfield*, was found guilty at Shanghai, before Judge Milton D. Purdy at the United States Court for China last Thursday, on a charge of assault and battery.

It was alleged that, on September 11th, whilst on board the said steamer, accused assaulted the complainant, Nestor Fernandez, chief cook on the ship, by striking him in the face with his fist, and kicking him on the head.

Complainant stated that Carone has a bad temper, and used to commit assault and battery when under the influence of liquor. On the night of September 11th, whilst working in the galley, he was pulled out to the deck, by the accused, who gave him a severe beating, wounding him in the head, cheek, and other parts of the body. As a result of the injuries he sustained, he incurred heavy medical expenses.

The accused stated that, the steward and the cook had an argument when he was in the pantry. He denied that he assaulted the complainant that night, stating that the latter intruded in the pantry, which place the cook is not supposed to enter. Also the cook was drunk that day.

The Judge stated at the close of the hearing: "There is no justification, no reasonable explanation for the assault. I must find you guilty."

British Submarines Visiting Japan.

Peking, September 14th.

The British 4th submarine flotilla, which is at present in Far Eastern waters, has planned a cruise to various ports in Japan, and arrangements have now been reached with the Japanese authorities.

H.M.S. *Titanica* and the submarines *L2*, *L3*, *L20* and *L27* are expected to go first to Nagasaki, arriving to-morrow. They will visit other Japanese ports staying eleven days at Kobe. On October 30th the *L20* and *L27* will leave Kobe for Hong Kong, going en route to Yokohama, and Nagasaki. They will sail on November 1st for rendezvous with H.M.S. *Marathon* and the remainder of the flotilla at the Inland Sound. They will arrive in Hong Kong on November 8th.H.M.S. *Marathon* with submarines *L7* and *L18* is visiting in Fusan, Kagoshima and Kobe. They will join H.M.S. *Titanica* at Nagasaki on October 28th.SUNRISE AND SUNSET IN
HONG KONG.

FOR SEPTEMBER, 1927.

STANDARD TIME OF THE 120th
MERIDIAN, EAST OF
GREENWICH.

Date.	Sunrise.	Sunset.
Sept. 27th.....	6.13 a.m.	6.16 p.m.
" 28th.....	6.14 "	6.15 "
" 29th.....	6.14 "	6.14 "
" 30th.....	6.14 "	6.13 "

BANK LINE LTD.

AGENTS FOR

ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION WITHOUT NOTICE

UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT

S.S. "CITY OF PERTH" ... Harve, London & Glasgow ... 4th November

AUSTRALIA

Sailings from SINGAPORE on 7th of every month by "CITY OF PALERMO" or "CITY OF SPARTA" to Java, Fremantle, Adelaide, Melbourne and Sydney and vice versa.

Through Freight and Passenger bookings from Hong Kong in conjunction with "Ellerman" Line or other services.

BOSTON, NEW YORK & BALTIMORE

S.S. "CITY OF LINCOLN" ... via Suez Canal ... 4th October

S.S. "CITY OF EASTBOURNE" ... via Suez Canal ... 16th November

S.S. "CITY OF WILLINGTON" ... via Suez Canal ... 20th November

ALSO AGENTS FOR

ANDREW WEIR & CO.

SERVICES TO

BOSTON, NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, AMERICAN & ORIENTAL LINE

M.V. "OLIVEBANK" ... via Suez Canal ... 20th September

M.V. "FORREBANK" ... via Suez Canal ... 15th November

MAURITIUS & SOUTH AFRICA

S.S. "TINHOW" ... From Hong Kong ... 10th November

Loading for Mauritius, Delagoa Bay, Durban, East London, Algoa Bay, (Port Elizabeth) Mossel Bay and Capetown.

Through Bills of Lading issued to Beira, Quilimane, the Port Amelia, Mozambique, Chinde, Inhambane, Zanzibar, Mombasa, Kilindi, Port Nellore, Luderia Bay, Walvis Bay and Madagascar.

For Freight or passage on any of the above lines apply to—

Telephone: Central 4791.

THE BANK LINE, LTD.

P. & O., British India
Apcar and
Eastern & Australian
Lines(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND).
MAIL AND PASSENGER STEAMERS
TAKING CARGO FORSTRAITS, JAVA, BURMA, CEYLON, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF,
WEST INDIES, MAURITIUS, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA,
AUSTRALASIA, INCLUDING NEW ZEALAND & QUEENSLAND PORTS, RED SEA, EGYPT, CONSTANTINOPLE,
GREECE, LEVANTINE PORTS, EUROPE, ETC.PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY
DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.
(UNDER CONTRACT WITH H.M. GOVERNMENT.)

Steamship	Tons.	From Hongkong (about)	Destination.
"KHYBER"	9,114	1st Oct.	Marseilles, London, Antwerp & Hull.
"ALPINE"	5,473	8th Oct.	Straits, Colombo and Bombay.
"MALWA"	10,988	15th Oct.	Marseilles and London.
"NAGPURA"	9,285	20th Oct.	Straits, Colombo and London.
"KASHMIR"	9,285	29th Oct.	Marseilles, London, Antwerp & Hull.
"MACEDONIA"	11,120	12th Nov.	Marseilles and London.
"MONGOLIA"	16,504	20th Nov.	do.
"MANTUA"	10,946	10th Dec.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp.
"KASHGAR"	9,005	14th Dec.	Marseilles and London.
"MOREA"	10,988	7th Jan. 1928	Marseilles, London and Antwerp.
"DEVANHA"	8,155	21st Jan.	Marseilles and London.
"MALWA"	10,988	4th Feb.	Marseilles and London.
"KHYBER"	9,114	18th Feb.	Marseilles, London and Antwerp.
"MACEDONIA"	11,120	3rd Mar.	Marseilles and London.
"KHIVA"	9,135	10th Mar.	Marseilles, London and Antwerp.
"KASHMIR"	9,285	17th Mar.	Marseilles and London.
"MANTUA"	10,946	31st Mar.	Marseilles, London and Antwerp.
"KALYAN"	9,144	7th April.	Marseilles and London.
"MONGOLIA"	16,504	14th April.	do.
"MOREA"	10,988	28th April.	Marseilles, London and Antwerp.
"KASHGAR"	9,005	12th May.	Marseilles, London and Antwerp.

* Passengers to Singapore only.

Frequent connections from Port Said for Passengers and Cargo to Constantinople, Peking, Ceylon, and other Levant Ports by steamers of the Khedivial Mail Steamship Co.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

Steamship	Tons.	From Hongkong (about)	Destination.
"TILAWA"	10,006	3rd Oct.	Singapore, Penang and Calcutta.
"TAKLIWA"	7,936	12th Oct.	do.

* Calls Rangoon.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

INWARD MAILS.

From	Per	Date
U.S.A., HONOLULU, JAPAN, SHANGHAI & SINGAPORE via SUEZ	Free. Madras	17th Sept.
JAPAN & SHANGHAI	Alhoo II	24th Sept.
EUROPE via NAGASAKI (letters and papers, London, 25th Aug.)	Lahore	27th Sept.
JAPAN	St. Albans	28th Sept.
SAIGON	D'Arny	29th Sept.
SHANGHAI	Alhoo II	29th Sept.
EUROPE via SUEZ (letters and papers, London, 1st Sept., & parcels, 25th Aug.)	Alhoo II	29th Sept.
STRAITS	Sura Maru	2nd Oct.
U.S.A., CANADA, JAPAN & SHANGHAI	Free. Pierce	2nd Oct.
MANILA	Alhoo II	3rd Oct.
AUSTRALIA AND MANILA	Alhoo II	3rd Oct.
CANADA, U.S.A., JAPAN & SHANGHAI	Alhoo II	10th Oct.

OUTWARD MAILS.

For	Per	Date
Hollow, Pakhoi and Hainan	Manado Alhoo	Tuesday, 27th
Formosa	Alhoo II	10.30 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Fuzhou	Alhoo II	10.30 A.M.
Saigon, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Suez—due Marcellus, 25th Oct.	Alhoo II	10.30 A.M.
Straits	Chicago Maru	10.30 A.M.
Bangkok	Alhoo II	10.30 A.M.
Shanghai & EUROPE via Siberia	Alhoo II	10.30 A.M.
Manila	Alhoo II	10.30 A.M.
Shanghai and Wuchow	Alhoo II	10.30 A.M.
Shanghai, Japan & EUROPE via Siberia	Alhoo II	10.30 A.M.
Swatow	Alhoo II	10.30 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy & Formosa	Alhoo II	10.30 A.M.
Manila	Alhoo II	10.30 A.M.
Shanghai, Japan & EUROPE via Siberia	Alhoo II	10.30 A.M.
Straits	Alhoo II	10.30 A.M.
Swatow	Alhoo II	10.30 A.M.
Swatow & South Africa	Alhoo II	10.30 A.M.
Swatow, Pakhoi and Hainan	Alhoo II	10.30 A.M.
Straits	Alhoo II	10.30 A.M.
Japan & Honolulu	Alhoo II	10.30 A.M.
Shanghai, Japan and EUROPE via Siberia	Alhoo II	10.30 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Fuzhou	Alhoo II	10.30 A.M.
Manila	Alhoo II	10.30 A.M.
Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A., U. & S. America & Europe via San Francisco—due San Francisco, 28th Oct., and EUROPE via Siberia	Alhoo II	10.30 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Fuzhou	Alhoo II	10.30 A.M.
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Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A., U. & S. America & Europe via San Francisco—due San Francisco, 28th Oct., and EUROPE via Siberia	Alhoo II	10.30 A.M.

* Correspondence bearing vessel's name only.

HONG KONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Authorized Capital ... \$10,000,000
 Issued and Fully Paid-up ... \$3,000,000
 Reserve Funds ... \$3,000,000
 Sterling ... \$3,000,000
 Silver ... \$13,500,000
 Reserve Liability of Pro-
 priators ... \$20,000,000

Head Office: Hong Kong.

Court of Directors:

Hon. Mr. D. G. M. BERNARD,

Chairman.

A. H. COMPTON, Esq.,

Deputy Chairman.

W. H. Bell, Esq., C. G. S. Mackie, Esq.,

N. S. Brown, Esq., W. L. Patterson, Esq.,

A. Macgowan, Esq., T. G. Wall, Esq.,

H. P. White, Esq.,

Chief Manager:

Hon. Mr. A. C. HYNES.

BRANCHES:

Amoy, Hongkong, Peking,

Bangkok, Hankow, Shanghai,

Batavia, Harbin, Tientsin,

Bombay, Kobe, Yokohama,

Calcutta, London, Singapore,

Canton, Lyons, Siam,

Chongking, Fuzhou, Manila,

Colon, Hongkong, Nagasaki,

Dairen, Harbin, New York,

Hankow, Hongkong, Yokohama.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened in LOCAL

CURRENCY and FIXED DEPOSITS re-

ceived for one year or shorter

periods in Local Currency and

Sterling on terms which will be

quoted on application.

Hong Kong, 13th Sept. 1927. [26]

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE Business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.

For the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI

BANKING CORPORATION,

A. C. HYNES, Chief Manager.

Hong Kong, 13th Sept. 1927. [27]

EQUITABLE EASTERN BANKING CORPORATION.

AN AMERICAN BANK.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

U.S. \$3,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE:

37, WALL STREET,

NEW YORK.

BRANCHES:

SHANGHAI.

General Banking and Exchange

Business.

Interest Allowed on all Deposits.

Rates on Application.

LONDON AND PARIS AGENTS:

EQUITABLE TRUST CO. OF N.Y.

D. M. BIGGAR, Manager.

NEDERLANDSCHE HANDEL-

MAATSCHAPPIJ.

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)

BANKERS

ESTABLISHED 1924.

HONG KONG OFFICE: 11, QUEEN'S ROAD,

CENTRAL.

Authorized Capital, Guilders 150,000,000.

(212,500,000).

Paid-Up Capital, Guilders 80,000,000.

(24,886,670).

Reserve Fund, Guilders 40,000,000.

(22,333,333).

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.

Eastern Head Office: BATAVIA.

BRANCHES: Batavia, Bandoeng, Bencoolen,

Calcutta, Canton, Hongkong, Kobe,

London, Lyons, Manilla, Peking,

Rangoon, Rotterdam, Shanghai, Singapore,

Sourabaya, Swatow, Tientsin, Yokohama.

These offices have Safe Deposit Boxes for Let.

London Bankers: National Provincial

Bank, Ltd.

Correspondents all over the world.

Banking Business of every description

transacted.

O. STEENSTRA,

Manager.

Hong Kong, 30th July, 1927. [34]

THE BANK OF CHINA.

行銀國中

(Specially authorized by Presidential

Mandate of the Republic of

China on the 2nd of

November, 1917.)

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, \$10,000,000.00.

PAID-UP CAPITAL, 19,760,390.00.

RESERVE FUND, 9,864,388.00.

Head Office: PEKING.

Hong Kong Branch: 4, QUEEN'S

ROAD CENTRAL.

Branches and Sub-branches all over

China, and Correspondents in

Europe, America, and other

parts of the world.

London Bankers: THE OVERSEA-TRUST

CO. OF NEW YORK, THE

NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK, LTD.

New York Bankers: THE EQUI-

TABLE EASTERN BANKING COR-

PORATION, THE LIVING BANK,

COLUMBIA TRUST CO.

Interest allowed on Current Ac-

counts and Fixed Deposits. Terms

on application.

Every description of Banking

Business transacted.

Loans granted on Approved

Securities.

Special facilities for domestic

exchange.

SHOU J. CHEN,

Manager.

Hong Kong, 29th June 1927. [38]

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA

AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER

1858.

Head Office: LONDON.

Paid-up Capital ... \$2,000,000

Reserve Fund ... \$4,000,000

Reserve Liability of Pro-

priators ... \$2,000,000

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES

ALOR STAR, IPOH, KUALA

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The Cigarette of Quality

THREE CASTLES

W.D. & H.O. WILLS, Bristol & London.

This advertisement is based on the British-American Tobacco Co. (China) Ltd.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE.

Head Office:

99, Boulevard Haussmann, Paris.

Subscribed Capital ... Fr. 75,000,000.00

Paid-up Capital ... Fr. 65,400,000.00

Reserve Fund ... Fr. 59,384,519.10

BRANCHES:

Bangkok, Hanoi, Pondicherry,

Batavia, Hong Kong, Saigon,

Canton, Hankow, Shanghai,

Dairen, Harbin, Kobe, Yokohama,

London, Lyons, Manila, Peking,

Rangoon, Singapore, Sourabaya,

Swatow, Tientsin, Yokohama.

In FRANCE: Comptoir National

d'Escompte de Paris; Crédit

Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et

des Pays-Bas; Crédit Industriel

et Commercial; Société Générale.

In LONDON: The National Provincial

and Union Bank of England, Ltd.;

Comptoir National d'Es-

compte de Paris; Crédit

Lyonnais.

In NEW YORK: J. P. Morgan &

Co.; French-American Banking

Corporation; Guaranty Trust

Co., of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Ac-

counts and Fixed Deposits accord-

ing to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and

Exchange Business trans